





Vocabulary of the Kwakiutl Language.

34

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The Kwakiutl language is spoken on the coast of British Columbia, from Cape Mudge to Douglas and Gardner Channels, excluding Dean Inlet and Bentinck Arm, which are occupied by the Bilqula. The language forms a branch of the Wakashan stock, being affiliated with the Nootka or Aht of the west coast of Vancouver Island. The form of these languages reminds us in many respects of that of the Salishan stock, and it may be that a connection exists between both.

The Kwakiutl language is spoken in three dialects. the Kwakiutl proper, the Hëiltsuk and the Gyit'amā't. The first is spoken by the tribes of Vancouver Island and of the coast southeast of Rivers Inlet; the second by the tribes inhabiting the coast between Rivers Inlet and Gardner Channel; the last in Gardner and Douglas Channels. It will be found that phonetics and vocabulary of the northern and southern tribes are much alike, while the middle dialect stands more apart. This is probably due to the admixture of Bilqula elements in the central region.

The vocabularies contained in the following pages were collected by the author in 1886, 1888, 1889, 1890. As slight differences are found between the vocabularies of the various tribes, the tribe from which the words were collected are given. The following abbreviations have been used:

L. for Lē'kwiltok',
N.—Nimkish,
K.—Kwakiutl,
Tl.—Tlatlasik'oala,
A.—Awī'ky'ēnoq.
H.—Hē'iltsuk',

Hēiltsuk' Dialect.

G.—Gyit'amā't, Gyit'amā't Dialect.

The literature of this language is very scanty. The following writings are of importance:

W. Fraser Tolmie and George M. Dawson, Comparative Vocabularies of the Indian Tribes of British Columbia. Montreal, 1884.

G. M. Dawson, Vocabulary in Trans. Royal Soc. of Canada, 1887, ii.

A. Hall, A Grammar of the Kwagiutl Language, Trans. Royal Soc. of Canada, 1888, ii, pp. 59-105.

F. Boas, "Grammatical Notes on the Kwakiutl Language," in the "Sixth Report of the Committee on the Northwestern Tribes of Canada," Proc. British Association for the Advancement of Science, 1890.





THE GOSPEL according to Saint John, translated into the Qägütl Language. London, 1884 (by Rev. A. F. Hall).

THE GOSPEL according to Saint Matthew, translated into the Qā gūtl (or Quoquols) Language. By Rev. A. F. Hall. London, 1882.

The following alphabet has been used; the vowels have their continental sounds:

 $\hat{a} = aw$ in law. E = e in flower.

Consonants.—The following consonants require a special description:

k', g', k, g, ky (kн), gy.

This is a series of k sounds beginning with the posterior guttural k, passing through the ordinary k to the anterior palatal ky. There is a tendency in the Hēiltsuk dialect to transform ky and gy into k and g. The distinction between sonans and media is here, as in many other Indian languages, exceedingly difficult, and it may be that to the Indian ear there is no real distinction between both classes. The same is true in the case of labials and dentals. s and c (= English sh) are evidently modifications of the same sound; s is always pronounced with open teeth and post-alveolar position of the tip of the tongue. Thus it obtains a similarity with c, while the latter partakes in the same way of the characteristics of s.

q, Q, H correspond to k, k, ky, the first being the German guttural ch in ach, the last the German palatal ch in ich, the Q an intermediate sound like ch in the Westphalian dialect.

The vowels of the Kwakiutl language are extremely variable, and I have not been able to ascertain satisfactorily the meaning of lengthening and shortening, of apparent contractions and diæresis. I had, therefore, to confine myself to give the various forms which I obtained from the Indians. We find a series of very indistinct vowels which are not articulated, but indicated by position of the mouth. The most frequent among these is u following a terminal k, for which I have used the sign '; for instance, in the passive participle -k.' In compounds, when a syllable follows the -k' the u is often articulated.

Pauses in words are very frequent, and are almost always accompanied by an increased stress of the preceding consonant. I have found it impossible in this language to distinguish clearly between consonants articulated with ordinary stress and increased stress, although the latter are undoubtedly found, p. e., ky'ē, no.

VOCABULARY.

A.

to be able to compete with somebody, N.

lā'kyusta (—usta, up); wī'kyusta, not to be able to get up
against (wī, negation; —usta,
up) = to rise opposite to somebody?

about, —uili(la); N. tlē'kuilila, moving about; lâkuilila, camping about, here and there (lek'u'la, to camp).

above, N. L. aikh, aikya; H. G. aikh;
N. aikyak'au'ē, uppermost
(—k'auē, farthest in a certain
direction); L. ai'kyaqala, from
above (—aqa, down; —la, verb.
suf.); L. aikyak'E'mhit, to look
up (—k'E'm, surface of round
thing = face; — hit, v. a.); tlāqk'o-it aikh, evening sky = red
above; G. au'kyoa, upper side
(see On top of); H. mā'tea, to
fly above.

to abuse one another, H. laa'lk'au. to ache, L. ts'ē'hila (see Sick).

across, N. —uitla(la); lā'lauitlala, or lā'laōtla, always going across (lā—, to go).

Adam's apple, H. k·'ōk·oqā'oa (—qāoa, neck).

adrift (see On surface of water).

adze, H. tlā'k oabala (same type as the Pacific Island adze); towai'ū (D shaped handle with blade attached to its flat side); tlē'qkautl.

afraid, N. ky'ē'tlala; L. ky'ē'tlen, I am-; H. wō'se; wō'senō'gua, or lenō'gua wō'sile, I am-.

to make afraid, N. ts'E'ntiyim; ts'E'ntikya, to be—.

ofter, behind, N. E'lEqtlē; lā'tlin, E'laqtlītl, I will go after him. afternoon, H. tlkyā'qa. again, N. hē't'ēt; ē'tēlis, again in earth.

ago, long ago, L. k'aiū'tlutl; H. k'aiū'tlutl'ats (—ats, distant, invisible).

agreeable noise, H. aikh'ē'kala (aikh, good; —kala, noise).

ahead, N. lalak'a, to go ahead; (lak'a, to pass by, from; la, to go; —k'a, reaching); Lā'lak'ayū'k'oa, name of female = made to go ahead.

air, H. nā'la.

alder, N. tl'ā'krōmis (tl'ā'krō, red;
—mis, tree); H. G. tlā'krōtas
(from: red).

alive, N. k·o'la; k·o'lasta, water of life (—sta, water).

all, L. k''ā'lauē, N. nā'qua, H. āgy, G. wā'qau; that is all, L. lɛmk'oā'tla, H. au k'oā'tl.

alone, N. nā'nawa; nā'nawalaqisē'aq'ēnoq, one who wants to work alone; N. nemō'k' (nem, one); Nemō'kuis, the only one on earth; Nemō'kyustâlis, the only one who came up out of earth (—usta, up; —lis, ground); Nemō'kua, alone on rock (—a, stone, rock); Nemō'kuak amē, all alone on rock (—k'amē, superlative); Nemō'kuitsâlis, alone on prairie (—itsâlis, flat open country).

- to eat, drink, work alone, N. na'qula.

along, N. -nta(la).

— long object, N. —nūtsentala (along side of); k ātsnūtsentāla, to walk along long object.

— flat object, N. —unqEntala (—inqē, edge); kā'sEnqEntāla, to walk along flat object; H. tōnō'olsa, to walk along plank. man).

- always, N.—tl; amā'qutatl, always giving away coppers (amā'qut, to give away coppers); hā'qk'o-latl, always giving away blankets (ia'k'ola, to give away blankets); hamā'lagyilatl, always giving away blankets (mā'lē, to distribute blankets;—gyilis, earth, always); baqbaku'latl, always ea'ing human flesh (baqbā'k', eating human flesh, from bek',
- N. gyilis, literally: on earth; hamā'lagyilatl, always distributing blankets; winā'lagyilis, always fighting; hame'lagyilitlen, I eat always in house (ham—, to eat;—itl, in house); hame'lagyilisen, I eat always on beach(—is, on beach); Nū'tlk'alagyilis, always acting foolishly.
- among, N. H. G. —ak'a; N. neq'ak'â'la, to pull out of a bag; doq'ok'â'la, to look among —; aih'ak'â'la, good among others; wä'lak'a, to lead Hamatsa around ofter Tsētsā'ēk'a; H. lē'lt'ak'a, to search among; p'ēpēya'k'a, to feel among; G. du'mduk'ak'a, to look everywhere among.
- ancestor, N. gyāngyilā'itl = first of house (gyil, first; —itl, house).
- anchor stone, H. k'aliā'ois (--is, in water); G. t'ayaqai'ū.
- to anchor; L. mō'koanut, cast anchor! (see To tie); H. tle mē'H'ēnem, to anchor; G. t'ayaiā'q, canoe is at anchor.
- to angle, L. tlā'k'a, k''ē'ta, H.
 t'ōpha'; to drop hook into water,
 L. ts'E'qstEnta k''ē'taiō.
- angry, L. e'en, N tlā'uis; tl'e'tlespis, expert in anger (--pis,
 expert); H. hai'lala (= angry
 noise; --ala, noise); hailalak's,

- angry noise woman (-k's, female).
- animal, H. sisa'kwimis; a certain —, k''ā'iskatō, large ear (k''ā's, large; —atō, ear).
- ankle, L. k·oā'tlk·ok', H. k·ō'k·anūtl (perhaps: foot side), G. k·au'k·ōmatl.
- antless, L. N. H. wutle'm.

37

- anus, L. pō'laqstēe (—qstēe, hind part of body), H. amā'kyas.
- apron, L. tsäp (borrowed from Comox), G. se'paqstēya (—qstēya, hind part of body).
- arm, L. N. ā'yasō, H. haiā'sō, G. hā'isō.
- above elbow, N. H. ōqsiapē'; skin of —, N. tl'ētsēapē, H. k'uk'utsēā'pē.
- armor made of wood or skin, H. pā'-k'aitem.
- armpits, H. dā'dōk'ola'tsē (—atsē, receptacle).
- to arrange bed, L. hēitlā'lit; H. hailē'tlatl, to make right.
- around, N. H G. -istā; N. āwī'sta, around a thing; awistā'lis, hēistā'lis, around the world; lē'istala, to go around; k-ā'tsēstāla, to walk around; magsistā'lisa, making potlatch all around the world (ma'qoa, to give two blankets to each; -lis, earth); N. Nütlemistalitse'mk'a, woman made to go like a fool around the world (no'lo, nu'tlem, fool; -ista, around; -lis, earth; -tsem, made to; -k'a, woman), H. ōē'sta, view; d'oqsista'la, to look around; toë'stala, to go around; gy'eqse'stala, to run around; G. k.'a'tsistala, to walk around.
- to arrive, L. lamen lä'kya, I-; N. lë'intin lä'kyaatla, when I arrived.

arrow, L N. H. W. G. hā'ntlem; H. hā'ntlempa, arrow point (—pa, point); hā'ntlema'tsē, quiver (—atsē, receptacle).

bird arrow, N. k.oʻlok oaiū.

arrow point, H. k.'E'mkyim.

to ascend river in canoe, H. sīa'.

to ascend a mountain, N. lägyustâ'la (la, to go; —usta, up; —la, v. s.), H. nā'qa.

to be ashamed, L. mā'qts'a.

ashes, L. k'onā'i, H. gunē'.

--- white of wood, L. k·oā'tlopes, H. k·oā'tlom.

- to roast in ashes, L. a'sa.

wutle't.

to assemble, N. hōk·ona'kula (—nakula, motion); hōqsta'la, an assembly (crowd) running into water (?) (—sta, water); kyi'mk·ona'kula (used in songs only).

assistant of Hawi'natl, N. në'qatla, wä'tatla.

- Hamatsa, N. sâ'latlila.

aunt, father's and mother's sister, N. H. anī's.

— uncle's wife, N. āpā'tsō (stepmother).

autumn, G. gyā'lemgyilis (-gyilis, earth).

to awake, v. n., L. ts'ī'Hīt, H. ts'iHī't.
— v. a., H. koia'.

axe, L. N. sōpai'ū (sōpa, to hew with axe; —aiū, instrument), H. k'ōkuna'kula (k'ō'koa, to hew with axe; —nakula, motion).

stone axe for war (long, sharp stone fastened in a perforated handle), N. neb'ai'ū.

B.

baby, N. wī'sa, H. qenū'q'ō, G. qābq (from qap'ē', cradle (?)).

back, N. -ikyē, -igya, H. G. -ēgya; N. awī'kyē, back; k.'o'k.o-igya, hunchbacked; ts'i'lkigyila, feathers on back (-la, v. s.); moe'gyint, to carry on back; penē'gyalitl, to warm one's back; nā'lagyiligya, back of day of world (-gyil-, earth); H. ōsk amē'gya, back (-sk am, outside of round thing); ts'E'mtēgya, dorsal fin; k'u'tsemē'gya, skin of back; owe'gyatlkyā'nē, back of hand (-tlkyā'nē, -skyā'nē, hand); k'utstsē'gyatlkyā'nē, skin of back of hand; ōwī'gyatltsē'tsē, instep (-(tl)tsētsē, foot).

bad, L. N. ia'qsum (i—, negation;
—аін, good), Н. iakн, G. iaн;
N. ia'qp'aqsta, to speak bad of
one (—qsta, mouth); G. iakнеk'ala, bad noise (—k'ala, noise).

bad tempered, H. tlhsa'la (—ala, noise).

bailer, H. qa'lgyilis.

bald headed (see Bare).

ba'qus (season when no Tsētsā'ēk'a must be held), N. ba'qus.

bare, H. tl'ōk'; tl'ōk'k'ea', bare headed (—k'ea, head); tl'ōk'u's, country bare of plants (—us, outside); tl'ōqsE'mla, bare mountain (—k'sEm, outside of round thing; —la, v. s.).

bark of tree, L. qā'k·'um, H. qk'um.

of cedar, N. Tl. H. W. G.
tena's, H. dā'deotl (?).

to bark, L. N. wō'koa, H. wā'kya; L. wō'kōq ta wa'tsē, the dog barks; N. wā'wakulitla, barking in house (—itl, in house).

barnacle, L. N. ga'ik ..

basket, L. leqä'; N. Leqlā'q (a name), basket eater (?).

39

- basket, small, for fish, N. lā'laqam.
 large, for blankets, L. tlā'pat,
- H. kh'ē'patsē (—atsē, receptacle).
- for fish and clams, H. G. ts'Ela'.

 for berries, H. W. nanā'k Em (nāk a, to drink, the basket is watertight).
- L. pē'kyoo.
- bat, bak 'oalā'uē, making sleepy, from bā'k 'oatlela, sleepy.
- baton, used in winter dance, L. N.
 t'a'miaiō, H. W. tlē'qēm; N.
 t'a'msala, to beat time (—ala,
 noise of (?); —sila, to make (?));
 t'ā'miatsē, master of batons;
 t'a'miasiläla, rhythm; H. tlē'qala, to beat time.
- baton, H. hauā'qala (—ala, noise).
 —— of chief, Tl. sik'a'kyanō, H. sī'kyak'Em.
- bay, L. awētlē'sela, N. ōqtlalis (perhaps only head of bay), H. ōtsoi's.
- beach. N. L. -is, -lis; H. G. -is, -lis; L. tle'māis, beach; t'ā'tis, lying on beach; N. ōk'omā'lis, face of beach (-kam, facing); d'apā'lis, covered by tide (d'apa, to flood); ha'lqsiualis, killing on beach at mouth of river (-siuae, river mouth); H. ūwi's, beach; ai'kyitskolis, flat beach (āikH, good); hana'qtis gyi'loaq, canoe is on beach (han-, hollow object, canoe); G. wo'qanuis, beach; goā'is, to sit on beach; aigyitsuī's, flat beach (aikH, good).
- heavy beams supporting roof, parallel to ridge of house, L. ky'ā'tēwan, H. k.'aqā'wa.
- grizzly bear, N. L. Tl. H. nān; N. gyi'la; G. sāh; N. Nuqnēmis name: nē'nenk'as (= bear woman); nanis, bear in bottom of

- sea (—is, in sea); nanqa, called bear (—qa, called); na'ntsē, great bear (—tsē, great); na'n-k'amā'lis, bear facing beach or earth (—k'am, facing; —lis, beach); na'nqtlō, cinnamon bear.
- skin of grizzly bear, pas'Ena'ē.
- black bear, L. tlē, N. tlā'ē, H. tl'a, G. t'ē'ноа; N. Nuqnēmis name: tl'ē'tlēk'a, bear woman.
- beard, chin, L. hapa'qstēya (hap—, hair;—qstē, mouth), H. hā'p-EHsia' (hap—, hair;—eHsia, tooth).
- moustache, L. hapa'qstēya, H. hāpqtā'ē (—qtaē, mouth), G. hapeqtē (—qtē, mouth).
- to beat time, N. t'a'msEla (see Baton).
- on beach at marriage ceremony, N. tsā'qa.
- beaver, L. N. ts'ā'oē, Tl. ts'ō'k'oa, ts'ā'ō, H. G. kolō'n (borrowed from Bilqula); H. L. N. ts'ā'eatsē, young beaver (—atsē, young of—); N. Nuqnēmis names: d'akyā'lis, hē'lumhtasōla.
- bed, L. k'ē'nutl, H. k'oai', G. ku'l'ilas (ku'l'itl, to sleep; —as, place of).
- bedroom, N. gyīai'las, H. k'wē.
- to beg, N. k·oē'k·oasa; k·oē'k·oasalatl, beggar dance.
- behind, N. öqtlē'ē; L. öqtlaksī'tsē, heels; alqtlaē'istala, coming around last; H.—qtlē; wala'qtlēk's, youngest daughter; d'ök:'oqtla'la, to look back; goa'qtlē, to sit on hind part; köpaqtlā'uı, to break off hind part; G. d'ö'k''oqtla, to look back; hā'mts'aqtlēe, rest of foot.
- to believe, N. në'nky'ëk'ala. Bellabella village, H. G'alts.
- Bella Coola, N. K. H. Bi'lqula.

- belly, L. tā'ikyē, H. tky'ē, G. tekh; bile, H. k'u'lmas. tlö'qoaqtlali'sEla, sick in -.
- below, N. pe'n'a, H. öa'poa, ēsa'poa; G. āu'apōa, H. hēsā'po-itl, below in house; wiwunk 'apo-is, bottom of sea (-wunk, edge; -apoa, below; -is, in sea) (see Under).
- below (down river), N. gua'e (also north), gua'tsē.
- belt of women, L. wusi'kyanem, H. wāH.
- to bend with hammer, H. mökpta'ut (mökoa', to strike with hammer).
- berries (species unknown), Tl. haiitlus; k·ē'qēlis; k·'Emk·oalē'; k·ē'sk·ēlē'q; k·oā'k·ugē'e; k·ō'qk·uls; nek·'utl; si'lem; waopa'litse; tlē'k.'um; tlinq; L. ts'ē'Hina; tsi'k'ctl.
- black berries, H. ciā'k'unatl.
- cranberries, L. tū'stak'a, Tl. tū'stik'ua.
- huckleberries, L. k'oā'tem, H. koā'tem; L. k'oā/tlmis, - bush; k'oā'tqut, eating -.
- salmonberries, L. k.'E'mtsuk, A. H. kau'lali; H. kau'tlila, country full of berries.
- sallalberries, N. negnā'k', eating -. soapberries, N. Tl. nequski'n; H. nuqskH, berry soup.
- dried berries, L. t'e'k'a, H. lek'k.
- to bewitch by putting clothing of a person in contact with a corpse, N. la'petante, la'petanu.
- by putting clothing in a skull which is heated, N. e'k'a; person who knows to do so, e'k.'enoq.
- to counteract the ek'a, by repeating the process, N. de'gyinta; de'gyinteenoq, person who knows to perform this act.

- H. k'utseqtla'es, skin of -; bill of bird, H. ū'itlpa (-itlpa, nose). bird, L. ts'ēk, H. ts'ē'kō, G. ts'ēk'.
 - humming bird, N. k'waā/kumtē.
 - meadow lark (Sturnella magna, neglecta), tle'ltsen, N. otseqtāla.
 - warbler, N. mā'mēma.
 - Oregon junco (Junco malis), N. tsö'pamalē.
 - Ampelis garrulus, N. kyaā'kyētaqtlē.
 - violet-green swallow (Tachycineta thalassina), N. mā'matlēkya (mā'tlē, to fly, flying around in short cuts).
 - Ammodramus sandwichensis, N. k'e'qegyila.
 - chickadee (Parus rufescens), N. tsötsā'k'a.
 - thrush (Hesperocichla nævia), N. tsop'ale.
 - Merula migratoria propingua, N. k'ak'alā's.
 - Zonotrichia cornata, N. tsesk·oā/nē.
 - snipe, N. tsā/tsatlkyawa.
 - Bubo virginianus, N. te'HteHialetl, H. thihni.
 - --- Nyctea, N. ky'ā'sāqa.
 - Nyctala acadica, N. bekuë' (soul, ghost).
 - screech owl (Megascops asio Kennicottii), N. норнор, kyo'kyökyö.
 - -flicker (Colaptes caper saturator), N. gu'ltem.
 - woodpecker (all kinds), N. tla'tlanaētl.
 - kingfisher (Ceryle aloyon), N. kyetelä/wē.
 - Corvus caurinus, N. kyiqēlā'k'a; Nuqnēmis name: ky'ā'nauēk a ; Tl. ts'eqsâ'k ē ; Nuqnēmis name: khkalā'ka; H. kн'ā/k'а.

- bird, blue jay. N. ku'ckuc.
- --- hawk (various kinds), N. mā'manë
- eagle, bald and golden, N. kuē'k', H. wīk', G. ainstok·oē/oa.
- Swainson's hawk (Buteo Swainsoni), N. t'ōt'â'lōtl.
- red-tailed hawk (Buteo borealis calurus), N. â'ukoanē.
- fish hawk (Pandion haliætus, carolinensis). N. ts'ēntsēk.
- sandpiper (Oreunetes occidentalis), N. ts'Esqauē'k''.
- --- Tringa alpina, N. tsō'p'apa'lā.
- plover (Charadrius squatarola). N. tso'tsetsa.
- Ægialitis semipalmata, N. k'a'l'ia.
- Limosa fedra, N. k·oā'k·oak'um.
- pintail (Dafila acuta), N. we'wapes (-wap, water; -pes, expert = liking fresh water).
- petrel (Oceanodroma furcata), N. k.oē'k.oēk.oē.
- gull, L. ts'ā'ek oaam, N. ts'ē'k·oa, H. ts'ē'kyēla'k·a; N. Nuqnēmis name: N. mā'tagyila (making fly (?)), tsE'nqk'aiō.
- Diomedea albatrus, N. bā'tla.
- tern (Sterna paradisea), N. k·ā/k·'akyitawa, biting off from man's head; k.'ā'gyuk', a piece bitten off.
- Merganser serrator, N. k·ōk·ō'os: Nugnēmis name: k ōk·ō'ts'aqsmā'lak'a (as mink's wife); tle'mk'ēu (= gummy head).
- coot (Oidemia perspicillata), lek a'p'ala.
- scaup duck (Aythya marila nearctica), N. tso'ts'Espes.
- loon (Urinator Imber), N. qā'wē.

bird, Holboell's grebe, N. hā'masīlalis; Nugnēmis name: hā'magsta.

41

- horned grebe (Colymbus auritus), N. k.'au'tak.
- --- Brachyramphus maramoratus, N. tegvē'gvila.
- Uria Grylle Californensis, N. t'Enq.
- cormorant (Phalacrocorax-pelagicus resplendens), N. la'qlaq.
- (Phalacrocorax pelagicus robustus), N. tlo'pane; Tl. tlo'patl.
- Cepphus Columba, N. tsē'ssa.
- gray-ruffed grouse (Bombosa umbellus umbelloides), N. kuku'mo'a.
- Dendragapus obscurus fuliginosus), N. hō'mhōm.
- pigeon (Columba fasciata), N. hamō'.
- sandhill crane (Grus mexicana), N. atE'mkulē.
- blue heron (Ardea herodias), N. k'oā'k''oānē.
- ouster catcher (Hæmatopus Bachmani), N. guē'guēguē.
- swan (Olor columbianus), N. k·ak·ā/uk·.
- snow goose (Chen hyberborea), N. tl'ē'stag.
- ---- Anser albifrons Gambeli, N. nE'lla:
- Branta nigricans, N. nā'naqākem.
- ---- Branta Canadensis, N. negā'k.
- pelican, N. hā'uqaukoā'yatl. Charitonetta albeola (male), N. tl'aā'tlē.
- Charitonetta albeola (female), N. Hū'bē.
- Mallard duck (Anas boshas), N. tla'tlkv'eū.
- Clangula hyemalis, N. hahā'nē.
- harlequin duck, N. mā'tsēna.

- bird, golden eye (Glaucionetta clangula Americana), N. kutē'na.
- —— Spatula clypeata, **N**. sisōk'ua. —— Oidemia Deglandi, **N**. нōqup-
- stâla, Tl. k'amtsē'Q.
 —— Urotrichus Gibsii, N. gyā'gy'apes; Nuqnēmis name: hälamâ'lak'a.
- (species unknown) Tl. tle'stlek'; tlā'tsem; mā'tsēnē; ky'ī'nōt, H. kūi'nk'; nēsnä'k'.
- fabulous birds, N. hā'utlak'anus; mā'kēkyū, said to make canoes in woods.
- to give birth to, L. mā'yōtlam, H. mā'yōtla.
- biscuit, N. kwā'k'uqsem; kwā'k'uq, eating —.
- to bite, a piece bitten out, N. k.'a. gyuk' (k.'amgyuk' (?)).
- black, L. ts'ō'tla, H. ts'ō'tla, G. ts'u'tltō.
- bladder, **H**. te'qatsē (—atsē, receptacle).
- of fish, H. wulë'tl.
- blankets, all kinds of, when used, L. ne'q'une, H. k'o'tih, G. tsatsāg·ö/ētl, H. -otl; N. alā/gyim, skin -; tlE'k oqsem, martin - (tle'k'ek', martin); pelpelask'r'm, mountain goat wool -(p'ā'lem, wool of mountain goat); k.'a'sasgem, sea otter - (k.'a'sa, sea otter); tlo'qsem, red -(tlāk·oa, red); k·'ō'tsem, black - (the ending common to these words is probably -k'sem, -sem, -k'em, related to: outside of round object, in reference to their being put around the body): k'utâ'otl, skin - (H. k'utse, skin; H. —ōtl, blanket); gy'ō'paoas, blanket made of yellow cedar bark; yā'k'ēlak, another style of the same. H. ma'mstlk otl, martin - (mestlk an,

- martin); ts'atsaqkō'tl, mountain goat wool— (ts'ak', mountain goat); k''ak'ā'sōtl, sea otter— (k''asa, sea otter); tē'qsem, green—; tlā'oqstō, red— (tlāk'oa, red); kye'lqsem, white—; ā'mesem, black—; tsatsoa'la, skin—for children; yiqtu'mkena, Chilcat— (yiq—, dance).
- blankets, lying about, L. k'ui'lk'uēla, H. mā'metl.
- in potlatch, N. ie'k'ala.
- tied around belly, L. sā'qstaē (—qsta, end of body), H. sap'ā'qstēgyila. (—qsta, end of body; —gyila, to make).
- to put on blanket, L. k'ō'qotlsut (—ōtl, out of (?)).
- to take off blanket, **L**. k'ō'qtsut (—tsoä, in(?)).
- blind, L. p'ā'p'as, H. b'āk'.
- block by means of which Hawi'nalatl is raised, N. k·ā'k·ēkyī.
- blood, L. Elk. N. a'lg'um, G. bE'lhtlem; H. a'lkoasa, blood in body; a'lhsimala, blood on outside of something (—sem, outside of round object; —la. v. s.); a'lhokyanā'la, blood on hand (skyāna, hand).
- to bleed, L. a'lh'uit, H. a'lkoa; H. a'lkuitlpa, nose bleeds (—itlpa, nose); a'lkmāla, face bleeds (—ma, face;—la, v. s.); aqa'lkus blood on ground (—us, ground, outside, country).
- to blow fire, L. pū'quit.
- to blow, whale, N. tlā'tla; Tlā'tlaēgyilis (name of a woman), blowing on land (—gyilis, land).
- blue, **Tl**. tsā/ca, **H**. koā/yēlak·s, **G**. koilā/qstō.
- board, made by means of wedges, **H**. hā/was (also board of roof).
- sawed, H. kēqk (kēqa, to saw).

- body, N. ö'gwinē, H. ökona' (only bowstring, H. tlkuë'tsem. surface of body); H. k'EmEgā'otlna, left side; hai'tlkotlna, right side; tloqoana'la, sick, sore all over.
- body, corpse, H. k'a'lkuis; k'a'lkuē, drifting (-ē, on surface of water); k'a'lkuntsis (-unts, (?); —is, in sea).
- to boil, v. n., L. tlema', H. tlema', tlōo'm.
- to bolt, N. ts'E'mk'oa.
- bone, L. W. G. qak; L hak.'o'poi, sternum (-pōē, breast); H. ts'iö'poa, sternum (-poa, breast); k'ō'tsaqā'oa, collarbone (-qāoa, neck).
- of fish, L. k·'ō'k·oaiō.
- boom (of canoe sail), L. tsē'kyinū'tlemē (-nūtlemē, side of), N. tsī'kvangai'.
- born (perhaps: from beginning), N. nū'tlamo, born a fool (nū'tlem, fool); no'k'amo, born wise, (no'k at, wise).
- both, N.H. waqs; N. waqse'nge, both sides (-Enge, edge); wa'qsEngilis, somebody on each side of an object on beach; waqsemk.'a'sela, to put into mouth from both sides; wagsistaut, to divide; H. waqsode'toa, both ears (-Etoa, ear).
- bottle made of kelp, kelp, L. N. H. wā'watē.
- bottom of an object, N. o'gste, -gste; L. po'lagste, anus; sa'qstae, blanket tied around belly; H. -stē (?); kyā'qtē, notch of arrow (=notch in bottom); sap'ā'qstē. gyila, blanket tied around belly.
- bottom of sea, N. k. atsī's (-is, in water), H. wiwu'nk'āpois, (-unk', edge; -apoa, under; -is, in water).
- bow, L. N. tlā'kuis, H. G. tle'kuis.

- bow of canoe, H. tle'tskina.
- man in bow of canoe, N. ō'kyinē. box, Indian, L. qE'tsEm (borrowed
 - from Catloltg), L. N. H. gyi'ltas.
- box for blankets, H. pāk ēye'la, G. ı āk 'ea'la.
- grease, H. tenguā'tsē (-atsē, receptacle).
- --- blankets, H. ky'E'lqsEma'tsē (= white blanket receptacle).
- --- woman's working box, H. ökwalā'tsē (-ātsē, receptacle).
- for berries, A. k'atlk'.
- boy, L. N. gyinā'num (child), H. gāpqō' (about twelve years old).
- bracelet of mountain goat horn, N. yē'k wēkila, L. gy'ō'kula.
- bracelet of copper, Tl. k''oë'k'oë, H. ts'Ewā'ta.
- braid, L. haē'qstō, L. k.'ā'tlēē.
- brain, L. tle'k oa, H. tlqlk oa'tsoa. branch, L. wū'tlsā'nē, H. tl'Esna'.
 - to break, L. kyū'q'uit (see To fight), N. kyō'k'oa; kyō'qkyōk'oa'la, noise of breaking (-ala, noise); H. kou'mesiūt; ko'kumsia, to break to pieces (reduplicated); kökoapoa'lut, to break by bending; kopaqtla'ut, - off hind part (-qtlae, hind part); koo'mpaut, --- off point.
 - with hammer, H. mu'qsiut, - with one stroke; mumu'qsia, with many strokes.
- coppers in potlatch, N.lags'E'nt; Lā'laqs'Ent'aiō, means of breaking copper (a name).
 - I break it, N. t'ap'ē'ten.
- breaker for cedar bark, L. kyā'ts'aiō, A. yitsai'ö, H. tläna'kula (-nakula, motion) (shape of the tapa beaters), tss'oai'ō (shape somewhat like a mincing knife without handle).

breakers, H. kwē'ta.

breast, L. N. opo'e, -poe; L. hak.'ō'poē, breast bone; L. nak'pō'ē. stomach; N. tlē'tsepo'ē, skin of -; H. tok.'apoa', -poa; ts'iō'poa, breast bone; k'utsepō'a, skin of -; tloqoapo'ala, sick on - (tloqoala'so, sick in -); G. tak apo'a

breast, female, L. ts'am, H. tsaa'm, G. dzām (see To suck).

breath, N. hā'asaē, H. hā'spiō ; hā'sot, to breathe out.

bride, H. qaē'tl.

to bring back novice from woods by dancing, N. wutlä'qut.

broom, H. ky'alai'ō.

brother (said by male), N. ne'mwiut; collectively: nene'mwiutlâla, brothers and male cousins; natlemwi'ut, relatives; H. menu'ya; G. menē'suwa.

- said by female, N. H. wa'k'oa. - younger, L. N. H. G. ts'a'ya;

also: parent's younger brother's or sister's child.

- younger, addressed, N. wis.

- elder, N. H. G. no'la; also: parent's elder brother's or sister's child.

- elder, addressed, N. gyī'E (see Chief).

brother-in-law (both kinds). N. k.olis, gyīi'mp; H. also: sister-inlaw.

brush, H. ky'ā'taiō (= paint instrument).

bucket, L. na'k atsē (= drink receptacle), H. nä'k Em (from näk a, to drink).

buttocks, H. me'nkyatse.

to buy, L. khi'lhoa, H. G. tlea'; H. tleā'nuq, something that has been ___ (what kind (?)), L. yā'atsē. bought; (= expert in buying); tleae'les, store (= buying house); G. - in canoe, N. o'qsE; lags, to go

tl'ēla's, store; tl'ē'lgis, storekeeper.

by and by, L. k'oatlemā'stl.

C.

calf of leg, H. tl'ē'tl'ēkya (--ēkya, leg below knee).

to call, L. lā'k oalaso; lamanqa la'k oa gyā'tlk ē, I call again.

to call to feast, to invite, N. g.ē'la; tlatlig ēlā'lait, every one calls him to feast.

called, to call, N. -qa; quā'kunaqan, I call canoe, i. e., I wish to buy a canoe (Quā'k'un, canoe); nānga, called bear.

calm, H. k'augk'ula; k'au'k'o-is, place where it is always calm.

to camp, N. lek u'la; lâ/k uilila, tribe always camping about.

canoe, L. N. Quā'k'un; Quā'kunatl, canoe that is going to be, i. e., that is making; Quā'Qukunatsē, large canoes; Quakunamenē'q, small canoes; Qua'kunatses, fragments of canoe; Qua'Quakuiala, to look for a canoe wanting to buy it; qua'kunaqan, I call a canoe, i. e., wish to buy it; N. gyā'lō (obsolete), H. gyi'l'oa, G. gyi'loa; H. gyil'oaai'asē, place of canoe in woods; gyi'l'oko'tle, broken canoe; N. guī'tEs, ku'mtsala (?).

--- Chinook canoe, L. se'qem, H. sqam.

- war canoe, N. d'aku'n.

--- large war canoe, N. me'nk'a.

- Fort Rupert canoe, L. Que'taqtla.

- Haida canoe, H. hai'dats.

tlēi'lks, storekeeper — legendary (folding), N. dā'tldatlta.

into canoe (la-, to go); gyā'qaqsala, to come in canoe; gua'qsela, to sit in -; mo'qsela, to loud -; H. lopgs, empty canoe (lop, empty); laqsut, to load canoe (la-, to go; -ut, v. a.); goa'qs, to sit in -; G. lags, to go into -; wā'meqsūt, to load -; goa'qsala, to sit in -.

45

- lying on side, N. k·ō'k·oatla; k·ōk·omā/lis, canoe lying on side in front of beach.
- adrift, H. k·auk·oaнsela/k·tlē (-tlē, on surface of sea).
- han--; this stem probably means a hollow vessel (see Kettle), and is used in composition with local suffixes; N. ha'nk'amlis, canoe landing in front of beach (-k'am, in face of; -lis, beach); hanusī'waē, canoe at mouth of river (--siwaē, river mouth); hanuē'lagyitlē, canoe is on water; H. hana'qtis (gyi'loaq), canoe is on beach; hanā'eas gyi'loaq, canoe is on water; hanā'laktla, canoe at anchor; hanēā'sēs gyiloa, place of canoes in forest; G. haneilwa'paqt, canoe is on water.
- place of in forest, H. tlq'ēā'sē.
- out of canoe, -otlt; N. gyagotltâ'lisaisus, he brought one out of canoe to beach; G. wa'motltut, to unload.
- to make canoe, H. ā'tl'a; ā'tl'Eskio, canoe builder.
- dancing -, N. ts'ē'qēoē (ts'ek'--, secrets, winter dance; −ēoē--, forehead).
- capable of --, N. ts'Es; d'o'qts'Es, seer; H. -- tes; k.ā' wates, with good power of hearing.
- cape, N. wâqsâ, H. ōa'qsiwa.
- to capsize, L. k'apā', H. k'paë'; cat's cradle (game), N. ts'EtltsE'nu.

- k'pē'tla, something turned upside down; k.pē'tla-itl, something turned upside down on floor.
- to take care of -, N. aā'qsila; tlā'tlaqsila, taking care of cedarbark rings (tla'k ok; cedar-bark ornament); mā'menatsila, taking care of drums (?) (menā'tsē, drum; --ila, to make; probably drum maker).
- to treat carefully, cautiously, N. ma'yanila.
- something one does not care for, one does not want to keep, N. wa'iat (w-, negation).
- cariboo, H. tl'aqt.
- to carry in hand, N. da'la, -- Enk .ula, mātsemenk olawis, always carrying two round ones in hand; mamo'sk'amenk'ola, carrying four round ones in hand.
- to carry into house, H. laai'tla (la--, to go; -itl, in house).
- carry on back, N. mōē'gyint (—igya, back).
- to carry load into canoe, L. mā'wa (see To load).
- carrying something in mouth, N. te'kuqsta (--qsta, mouth); k·ētyegstils, -- outside (see To bite, -- qsta, mouth; -- ils, outside); k·ētyeqstā/litl, -- in house.
- to carry fire, H. pē'H'it (?).
- to carve meat, L. k·cā'qit; k·oā'tlaiō, carving knife.
- carved figure, N. ky'ek'.
- carving knife, L. k'ilk'uatlam, k'oā'tlaiō, H. ky'ē'olem.
- cat, L. mā/matlis (see European), H. mâ'qoa.
- cataract, L. tsE'qoaqala (-aqa, down), H. gy'ā'matsen.

to catch salmon in net, A. tlakil, H. k'ō'koayōt.

46

- cause of —, —im; ia'knim, cause of evil; ē'iknim, cause of good; alē'tsim, cause of being firm.
- cedar, L. tenā'smis (te'nas, cedar bark; —mis, tree), A. te'nies, H. dē'was, G. koaqtlā'.
- cedar bark ornament for winter dance,
 N. H. tl'ā'k'ōt (tlā'k'oa, red =
 made red).
- chair, **H**. goā'ntema (goa—, to sit).
- cheek, N. āu'tsē, L. ō'nutlemē (nutl, side of; —mē, face), H. ōwa'mia (—mia, face); N. t'ēkyu's,mythical name of deer = strike face.
- to chew, L. mā'lekula, H. k'askyā'la (gum and food = noise of chewing), au'akō (tobacco).
- chips, k'ōk'oakā'oa (k'ōk'oa, to hew; —āoa, refuse).
- chief, N. L. gyī'k'amē (gyī, elder brother, chief;—k'amē, superlative); gyē'qsem, group of chiefs;
 N. hē'meskyas, real chief (name of raven; —kyas, real); A. H. hēma's, coll. hē'mas, G. hai'mas.
- chieftainess, chief's wife who gave her husband at time of marriage much valuable property, N. ō'ma; ō'magyila, to make—; ō'mak'asemaē, chieftainess in face of all; ōmaqtā'latlē, chieftainess on sea (?).
- chief's wife who did not give her husband much property, N. mö'tsitl (= keeping blankets from floor).
- chief's eldest son, N. tleö'lek'amē. chief's daughter, N. ky'ē'tētl.
- child, N. L. qōnū'k', col. gyi'ngyinam, H. qōnō'k', col. s'ā'sem, G. qōnū'Q.
- eldest, L. no'lasnek Emā'ē (no'-

- la, elder brother; —k'amaē, superlative), H. nola'k amē.
- second, L. k'â'yâē, H. qankē's. — third, N. g'au'i, H. g'auioaqtlē
 - (—qtlē, behind).
- youngest, L. tsa'inqē (tsa'ēa, younger brother; —inqē, edge of), a'ma-inqē (ama—, small); H. wāla'qtlē, youngest son (—qtlē, hind); wala'qtlēk's, youngest daughter (—k's, female).
- parents with children, N. gyinlī'kyElē.
- chin, L. pe'nkyutaqstē (реп, below; —kyut, opposite; —qstē, mouth), Н. k''oa'н, G. gy'uq.
- chisel, L. ky'ı'mtlaiö.
- to chop, L. N. sō'pa; N. sō'ps'al, to chop in half in house; sōps'a'-lsa, on beach; sōps'ali'sa, to chop log on beach in half; sō'pEtl'anē, to chop in many places; sō'paiō, adze chopping instrument; H. k'ō'koa; k'ō'konakula, adze; k'ōk'oakā'oa, chips.
- clams, L. kyā'ōēk'anem; large—, mat'ā'nē; N. clamshell, gyō'gwis; H. clam, ts'ē'koa; large—, tsēma'nē.
- a clean house, N. ku'm Helalitl (—itl, floor).
- to climb a tree, N. tl'Epa'; a mountain, tl'Epustâ'la (—ustâ, up; —la, v. s.).
- cloud, L. H. anū'ē; N. a'nk'ola, cloudy; A'nk'olayūk'oa, female making cloudy weather; a'nk'oalagyilis, country always cloudy.
- clover root, N. tliquē; tliqsī'waē, at mouth of river.
- club, fish —, **L**. t'E'lusqān, **H**. hō'tl'-Em.
- war —, N. kuē'qaiō ; to strike with —, kuē'qa.
- coal, L. ts'ô'tlna, H. ts'ô'tla.

coat, European, L. kipō' (Chinook), N. dā'datsowāk', H. d'ā'datsoa.

— old style, N. tl'Epë'tsâē.

cod, red, L. tlā'tlaqon (tlā'k'oa, red), N. nē'ts'ē, H. tlā'k'o-itk.

cod, black, Tl. t'ё'на, H. hā'tanē.

cod, Tl. H. nā'tlem, L. kyū'mak' (borrowed from Catloltq).

—— sp. (?), **H**. sītqta'la (—qta, mouth).

cold, L. wu'ta, H. t'Enê'k', G. t'Enê'q; H. ku'enê's, to feel cold.

collarbone, H. k'ōtsaqā'oa (—qā'oa, neck).

column, heraldic, N. mo'qpik' (mo'q—, to tie; —pik', pole; because blankets are tied to it); Tl. H. ts'oā'qsē (—qsē, outside).

column, memorial, H. ālaqtle'n. comb, L. qa'k''Em, H. gy'i'ngyanētl.

to comb, L. qā/k·a-it, H. gy'i'ngya.
to come, N. gyaq; gyaq'ōtltsoa, to
come out of; ōmEn gyaqwuli'tla, I come unasked; k·antlō
gyaqa'la, when I come back (obsolete); k·antlō gyaqē/tlētō,
when I come back; alqtlaē/istala,
coming around last (—qtla, last;
—ēista, around); H. nōgua
ā'k'ēla, I come here,

common man, Tl. H. qā'mala.

company, group, H. k'atē'tl, col. k'atk'atē'tl, N. —qsem, gyē'qsem, group of chiefs

companion of Hamats'a, N. sâ'latlila.

to conquer, \mathbf{H} . ai'khoa; \mathbf{L} . lamen ai'khaumasē, I-thee.

constellations, A. kyai'utla, A. ali'-

to cook, L. mete'lquit, H. a'mgyila.
copperplate, L. N. A. tlâ'k'oa
(= red); tlâ'tlaqsem, small copperplates tied together (—qsem,
group of —).

copperplate, woman for whom father plants copperplates in ground, N. sēpā'alētlilaok'.

corner, H. ōā'toa, p'Esaai'; N. goā'nē, to sit in corner.

to cough, L. lega', H. legoa'.

council, N. k'uē/qala (—ala, noise); kuā/kunqs'ala, to council; H. hāsqta'la (—qta, mouth).

councillor, N. k'uē'qhsās; kuē'qalalagyilis, councillor of his own country.

to count, N. hō'sa; Hōstā'lakyimō, people counting objects thrown into water (?) (—sta, water).

country, L. t'E'kya, H. tsqams
(=dirt), --is; N. wī'nakuis,
country; ōtsâ'lis, flat country,
prairie; k'ā'lōkwis, crooked
country; Gyinginā'mis, children of earth = dwarfs;—gyilis.

-, - us (see Outside), H. -us; tl'o'k us, country bare of plants; aq'a'lkus, blood on ground; k'au'k ois, place where it is always calm ; -ila, -gyila, probably originally no local meaning (see To make); k'a'mtlila, country where deer are found; waa'nēgyila, - where herring are found; ts'ā'k gyila, - where mountain goat are found (the meaning is probably: catching deer, herring, etc.); -- enoq, iukuē'nog, windy place = knowing to blow; G. -gyilis, gyā'lemgyilis, autumn.

cousin, N. ne'muōt; nene'muiutâla, cousins and brothers; N.
L. H. nō'la, parent's elder brother's or sister's child = elder brother; ts'ā'ea, parent's younger brother's or sister's child = younger brother.

cover, H. tāk k ; tak k ēā'la, cover over head (-k ēa, head; -la,

v.); ta'k umt, to cover face with blanket.

crab, L. N. k''ō'mis (--is, sea); k''ō'tsatsē, young crab (--tsatsē, young).

crack in dish, H. koēk oatloa'la.

cradle, L. qaā'p, A. qap'ē', G. qābq, infant.

crazy, N. nō'ntsistatl; nōntsistā'latl, dancing like a madman (—latl, dancing, acting).

crooked, L. N. k ō'tlala; N. k'ō'-k'oigya, with crooked back (--igya, back); k'ā'lōkwis, crooked land; k'autlanēā'la, to walk crookedly.

crossbeam over door of house, H. gaitsoa' (--tsoa, inside).

crown of head, L. ōqtlē'n, H. k''ā'-tsoak'ē'a (—k'ēa, head).

to cry, L. N. G. k.'oā'sa.

cup, L. koā'asta (—sta, water), H.
nak'a'msta (nak'a, to drink;
—sta, water), G. nak'ai'ū
(= drinking instrument).

to cut, N. paqa'la, L. paq'it; A. k'oa'la paqa', do not cut; lā'qsa, to cut up; lā'qsent'aē'noq, one who knows to cut up; N. sakwa', to cut meat; sakwa's, place where meat is cut; H. qta, qtl-tsiūt, qtlā'kyētsūt, to carve game; qō'tltsia, to cut to pieces; qtlptā'ut, to make a cut in an object; k'ōqskyana, hand cut off (—skyana, hand).

to cut tobacco, L. t'o's'it, H. t'os.

D.

dagger, long stone —, **H**. ts'ôai'ū. Dā'gyulk', **N**. name of a place.

to make a dam across a river, N. tsū'pa.

to dance, L. N. H. G. yiqoa'; N. yiqō'euē, dancing cap (--euē,

forehead); H. yiqstê'kya, dancing apron (-ekya, leg below knee); yii'qstēnsītsē, —leggins (-sītsē, foot); yiqtu'mkēna, Chilcat blanket; N. kyi'lkyilnala, dance at night when novice returns; N. -latl, Tsö'nok'olatl, dancing like Tsonok oa; N. ts'ā/ēk·a; Tl. H. ts'ētsā/ēk·a, winter dance (= secrets); ts'ē'tsēk·ā'laiū, song used in winter dance (-ala, noise; -aiū, instrument); ts'ē'qpēk', pole used in winter dance; ts'eqpek.'ā'lagyilis, dancing pole in earth; N. d'E'nts'ik', Sisiutl dancing pole; N. tō'quit, war dance (H. to walk); Tl. no'ntlem, a winter dance (= foolish); Tl. iā'tīati, a summer dance; H. tloola'qa, potlatch dance; N. ba'qus, time when no winter dances are held.

dancing implements (whistles and masks), N. H. nau'alak'.

dancing apron, noise of —, Tl. ts'ōk - oa'la.

darling, N. ā'ta; pet-daughter, ā'tak'a.

daughter, second, H. k'auīoa'qtlēk's; only —, hāu'ldsēk's (—k's, female).

day, N. L. nā'la; nā'laqstāla, having day in month(—qsta, month); nālaqō'tau, the sold day; nā'lagyiligya, back of day.

daylight, N. hā'nitsum, H. ts'E'l-qait.

dead, L. N. H. G. tlel; N. —ōtlē, dead, past, broken; Tlatlēisilō' tlē, the dead Tlatlēisitl; H. —tē, ō'mptē, the dead father.

deaf, L. N. H. gu'lkum; N. gu'lkumqEmtl, mask of deaf man;
H. gulhk'ō'tatō, deaf on one ear
(—atō, ear).

death, N. wänumgyila; wä'lagyila, making die (only in song) (wë, negation (?); —gyila, to make). decayed tooth, Tl. Nae'nshe (—she, tooth).

deer, L. N. k·ē'was, t'ēkyu's (=struck against cheek), k·ē'-Hustâla (Nuqnēmis name), H. G. k·ā'mēla; k·ā'mtlila, where

always deer are found.

Delphinus Orca, L. N. mā'q'ēnoq (= pursuing secretly), A. H. G. ha'lq'ēnoq (= killer).

dentalia, N. a'tlela.

to descend river, **H**. iнā'tūsela (see Fast; —tūsela, down river).

to descend mountain, H. kHinkqa.

to desire, H. mesela'.

to dip, N. tsë'H'it.

dirt=earth, N. d'E'kya, H. tEk'um, N. nE'sa, tSE'sa.

dish of earthen ware, H. qa'lk'oa. dish, small grease —, N. H. ts'Epā'tsē, G. da'qtla.

--- large, N. tlo'k oë.

to dive, **H**. tā's'it, tā'sela; — headlong, **A**. tsastā'ak'a.

to divide, N. waqsi'stant (waq, both);
N. mātls'alītla, to divide in half
in house (mātl, two; s'al, in
half; —ītl, in house).

dog, L. N. Tl. H. wa'tsē, G. wa'ts; N. wa'sus, eating dogs.

dolphin, Tl. tistawu'lk.

do not! N. k'oa'la.

door, L. t'E'Hila, Tl. t'ē'g'a, H. tl'-apE'm.

down, —aqn; N. tē/k'aqala, to drop; k'ā'sEqala, to walk down; nek'-ā'qala, to beat time in slow measure (= straight down); akyai'aqala, from above; L. tsE'qoaqala, cataract; Walas'aqa', name of a dance (= great from above); H. sōā'qot, to take down; huē'tlaqals, to fall down; huē'-

tlaqitl, to fall down in house; lā'qa, to go downward; tq'vā'qa, to jump down; d'ō'k'oaqala, to look down; G. lā'qa, to go downward; d'ō'k'oaqa, to look down.

to look down, L. penk'E'mHit (pen, below; —k'Em, outside of round thing; —Hit, v. a.).

downriver—, N.H.G.—tus(Ela); N.
latū'sEla, canoe descends river;
latuselā'gyilis, to walk down
river (—gyilis, land), sunrise;
Hēitlatō'sEla, coming down river
(name of Kā'nigyilak' in L.);
A. toatuselā'gyilis, sunrise;
iHā'tūsEla, canoe descends river;
G. lā'tus, to go down river.

down (feathers), H. k·ōs. to draw breath, H. tlhui't.

to dream, H. ky'ā'tlaē.

drifting at sea, N. tse'tsa (log of driftwood on which a person stands); tsehâ'yō, drifted out of river; H. p'uqola'k:tle, a log adrift (—tle, on sea); khkie'i, many things adrift (k'ai'nem, many); yā'k:oē, driftwood adrift; yā'k:ois, driftwood on beach; k'a'lkuē, body adrift (k'alk—, body); k'au'qo-it, canoe drifts away.

to drill, H. sele'm.

to drink, L. nā'q'it; N. nā'nak'a,
trying to drink; nāk'E'|kun,
I—often (—Elk, expert; —un,
I); nanik'a'matsa, wanting to
give every one to drink; nā'k'atsē,
bucket(—atsē, receptucle); H. nā'k'a, to drink; nāqps, nāk'E'lk,
drunkard (—qs, —Elk, expert);
nak'a'msta, cup (—sta, water);
nā'k'am, bucket; nānā'k'Em,
watertight basket; G. nā'k'u,
to drink; nā'k'aiō, bucket.

drowned, G. p'Equē.

drum, L. N. A. H. G. menā'tsē; N. mā'menatsila, taking care of drums.

drummer, N. mi'nila (= striking), G. minilis.

to dry salmon, H. kō'tl'a; kō'las, where salmon are dried.

drying frame, H. ka'l'iö.

dried salmon, H. qam'a's.

to dry, N. ts'ō'sa; ts'ō'tēt, fish just beginning to get dry; ts'ō'tēmit, coll. ts'ō'ts'ōtēm, salmon, half dry; H. tsō'sa, dry; tsō'sk'ēa, to dry head(—k'ēa, head); G. ts'ū'sa, dry; tsō'sēms, thirsty.

to dry, L. lE'mHuit.

dry, L. k'aqö'la.

dull, L. ië'iHpa (=bad point), G. p'aspe'luqpa (-pa, point).

dwarfs, N. gyingyinā'nEmis (= children of country).

E.

eagle, L. kū'ik, H. wīk'; wī'kuilak', painted eagle (—ilak', made).

— whiteheaded, N. mō'mēqpa (mōk'oa, white; —pa, point).

ear, L. N. p'E'spaya, H. G. p'Espē'yō; N. (awa)to'ē; ts'Euā'(fola, earis sick; H.—atou; waqsōde'toa, both ears; k'oā'k'oatoa, perforations of ears; mō'koatō, coll. mū'mkoatō, earring; tl'ōqoatoā'lē, earis sick; kulhk'ō'tato, deaf on one ear.

earth, dirt, L. tsqems, H. tsqams, N. —is; N. hēistā'lis, around the world (—ēista, around); ē'tēlis, again in earth; nemō'-kwitsâlis, alone on flut ground; —gyilis; kuē'qalalagyilis, councilor of his own country, of earth; ā'nk'oalagyilis, his land cloudy; tlā'tlaēgyilis, whale

blowing on land; 's'ēqpēk''ā'-lagyilis, dancing around dancing pole in earth.

east, N. metla's (L. southeast), H. nelk'; N. metla'lanuk', having east wind.

to eat, N. ha'mh'īt; lemen ha'mh'īt hē't'ēta, I eat again; hamh'ī'ten, I am eating; ham H'i'tlen, I am going to eat; ha'msa, to eat; hā'maa, trying to eat; hamā'putlen, I pretend to eat; nā'quamku hamā'pa, all eat; hä'mk olisen, I eat together with -; hamaā/k', eaten; hamu'lk, pl. hehē'melk, eating much; hame'lkun, Ieat often ; (-Elk, expert); hamasaiā'lagyilis, looking for food all over world; ham-E'lagyilitlen, Ieat continually in house; H. ha'msa, to eat; ha'msps, ha'mtsilk, eater; ha'mats'a, trying to eat; ha'men'it, to take water and spit it out again; hamasā'oa, rests of food (-āoa, refuse); G. ha'mspis, hamdzi'lek, eater; hamdzai'ō, spoon; ha'mstoa, to eat walking; Hi'msEla, to know to eat; ha'mts'aqtlee, rest of food; ha'mts'imas, food.

to eatmeat, N. k'asā'; k'ak'ēk'atsā'la, alvays wanting to eat meut;
k'atsa'la, sound produced by people eating meat; N. wā'sus, to
eat dog flesh; beqbā'k', to eut human flesh; baqbaku'latl, always
eating human flesh; kwā'k'uq,
eating biscuit; neqnā'k', eating
sallalberries; leqlā'q, basket
eater (?); g'oā'tg'ut, eating
huckleberries; k'ē'kyes, to eat
much (k''ē'nem, much, many;
—es, to partake of); G. k'ā'ikes, to eat much.

ebbtide, L. g'ā'tsaqala, H. tl'ō'ph'īt.

eclipse of sun, N. nek·E'k' (= swallowed).

egg, L. ts'ē'k'unö; N. ts'ē'kuat, egg-island; H. k'E'lqamīn.

edge, N. -nqë ; mākyinqëlis, at end of a row on beach; gyō'q'Enqē, house on edge; kasengentāla, to walk along a plank; ogse'nge, one side of a flat object; Nomase'ngelis, oldest of all; wu'nqë, edge of a flat object; waqsE'nqë, both sides; wa'qsengelis, one on each side; ama-i'ngē, smallest (= small at edge); H. tQu'neqaut, to jump along; wiwu'nk'apois, bottom of sea (-apoa, under; -is, in sea); tsā'ingē, youngest child (ts'ā'ea, younger brother); G. wu'nk'q, edge of flat object.

eight, N. mā'tlguanatl, H. yū'tquaus, G. yutqâ's.

eighteen, N. mätlguanatlagyü, H. yukquau'sgyü, G. yüduqoäs-gī'u.

eighty, H. yutqsūkaus, G. yūduQ pankyâ'sk'ā'pō.

elbow, H. G. tla'koane.

- joint, H. āaē'.

eleven, N. nE'māyū, H. mEnē'egyū, G. na'Qugī'u.

elk, L. 110'Els; Nugnāmis name:
nenō'Elō (=foolish); H. tlaō'ls
(—ls, outside (?)); G. wudzi'h.

empty, L. lõ'pitl, empty house; lõрнёріtõ, you have no teeth in mouth (—пё, tooth); H. löpqs, — canoe (—qs, in canoe); lõ'pitl, — house; lõ'pës, inside of man empty = hungry; lõu'misoa, — dish (—isoa, inside); lõpla', a hole, a piece missing.

end of anything, N. mā'qpē.

enough, N. wī'k'asela, not to have enough; wê'k'as, idem (wê, negation); wī'emk'asela'sôqtis, with which he was not satisfied (in song).

to enslave, N. k·'ā'k·akwis (k·'ā'kyū, slave).

to enter, Tl. gya'qtsoa (gyaq—, to come; —tsoa, into); H. lā'tsoa (lā—, to go).

to be envied, N. hē'nakyala (—kyala, noise).

ermine, H. gy'i'lEm.

European, G. H. k''ōmhsī'ua (k''ōm—,rich;—Hsīua, at mouth of river); H. k''ōmhsīuakyala, language of white man.

evening, L. Isā'k'oa, G. p'ā'nequit.
to examine, H. d'ō'k'oa (see To see).
expert, N. —pes; Il'E'tlespes, angry; lāqt'ōtpes, expert in breaking coppers; H. nāqps, drunkard; kōhpis. sweating; hamsps, eater; G. ha'mspis, eater.

hame'lkun, I eat often; H. nak e'lk, drunkard; ha'mtsilk, eater; G. hamdzi'lek, eater.

to extinguish, L. kh'i'lqīt, H. kh'i'lqaeye, L. N. kā'yak's; kayak ēsak ōs, thy eyes; N. (ōstō'ē) eye; gyīstō'ē, something in eye; ēikhsōqstō'ē, with pretty eyes; H. k'ks, eye;—qstoa; hā'paqstoa, eyelashes (hap—, hair); k'oa'qstō, one eyed; bā'koanemqstoa, pupil of eye (= man in eye); tl'ōqstoa'lē, eye is sick; wunk'-ē'qstoa, lower eyelid (= edge of eye).

eyeball, L. k·EpElu'qstoë (—stoë, eye), H. k·ā'pElē'.

eyebrow, L. ā'an, H. aaini'н, G. aa'niн.

eyelashes, L. hā'pēlik' (hap—, hair); hā'paqstoa (= eye hair).

eyelid, L. k·EpElu'qstoë (?) (—stoë, eye); H. öwë'kyattoa, upper — ; wunk'ë'qstoa, lower —, F.

face, L. H. k''o'k'omē; L. N. -mē, tl'ë'semë, skin of face; L. k'oate'mēya, scar on face; ö'nutlemē, cheek (= side of face); mē'maatlemē, two faces: H. -mē, -ma; tl'ōgoma'lē, alk'mā'la, face bleeds; ōwa'mia. cheek; ts'o'tsoqma, to wash face; G. hāitlkyutemē, right side of face (-kyut, opposite).

facing, N. -k am; ok amālis, facing beach; ha'nk amalis, canoe in front of beach; a'tlk am, hind side of man, box (=facing backward); ā'tlk'amala, house facing woods; Nā'nk'amālis, bear facing world; kuā'k amātla, facing river mouth; k'ok'oma'lis, canoe lying on side in front of beach; L. tlask ama'tlin, I stand facing sea (-tle, surface of water); H. ösk amē'kya, back (--ēkya, back). See also N. sintle'k'am, face of Sintlae: minstek E'mt, to strike face. It would seem that -me designates: face; -kam, an action performed with the face. See also Outside of round object.

face, upper part of, N. -tem; gyi'lsgyiltem, the long-headed ones.

to fall down from an elevated posttion, H. Hue'tlaqitl, - in house (-aqa, down; -itl, in house); Hue'ılaqalı, - outside (als, outside); Hue'tha, to fall into water.

to fall, to roll down hill, N. k.'u'mHa: k'omene'te, explained as: everything falls upon him.

to fall down (walking), H. kH'ains'ē'nem.

to fall, L. kuī' Hals.

to fall (tree), L. tā'h'it, H. kuilā'q'it. fawn of deer, H. d'ophë'wa.

to fall to pieces, N. tle' Ha. to fall, L. tē'q'it; tē'qtlala, to fall into fire (-qtlala, flames).

to fall into water, L. Elā'ts'ō.

river fulls, L. kyö'tla.

family, H. mane'ma (see Gens).

famous, N. ts'ē'tloala; K'ā'laitē (name), explained as: famous.

face sick; k'u'smē, skin of face; far, N. k'oē'k'; L. k'oē'sala, it is far; k'oë'k'söt, far away on other side (-sot, on other side); K·oē'k·sōt'ēnog, people on the far other side; k.oe'sote'ngelis, far other side, end of world (-Enq, edge; -lis, land); k'uī'setla, to go far off; H. quē'sala, far.

farthest, N. -k'aua; be'benak'aua, the lowest; ë'kyak ana, above; aölak oak aua's o, speaking in lowest tones; nano'ak aua, the wisest one.

to furt (said of male and female), H. wa/qua.

fast, N. i' Ha; i' Hak ame, the fastest one; wē'Hala, slow (wē-, negation); G. hā'lagyilis.

father, N. omp, H. au'mp, G. apf; N. ō'mptē, dead father; N. addressed: āts, âts; addressed by children: dā'da.

father-in-law, mother-, son-, daughter-in-law, L. N. H. negu'mp.

fathom and subdivisions: fathom, L. pā'tl'it, H. pā'tl'a; one fathom, ō'p'Enkн; two —, mā'tlp'Enkн.

- left elbow to fingertip of right hand, H. k'asēta'k'.

- left shoulder to fingertip of right hand, H. aso'tqa-int.

- middle of chest to fingertip of right hand. H. aso'd'apot (-apoa, breast).

-right shoulder to fingertip of right hand, H. k'ā', ōt

- to fear somebody, N. wa'lipolo.
- feared, N. gyi'lem; gyi'lemkyas, the one really feared.
- to feast, N. k'uī'las; k'uī'lastems, place where feasts are regularly held; k'o'lsElas, people going to a feast.
- to give a feast, L. tle'la.
- feathers, N k'a'mqua; k'a'mquaqstalis, feathers on mouth
- N. H. ts'i'lkem, coll. ts'elts'e'lkh; ts'i'lkyEmpa, feathers on
- wing -, L. p'E'tlem.
- to feel, N. H. p'ē'nula; iā'knis p'ē'Hula'sō, bad to feel; H. p'epeyo'k'a, to feel among (-ak'a, among).
- to fell a tree, H. tla'k ama.
- fellow, L. kyā'gyiqa (?); -lōt; N. gyō'uklōt, tribe (= village fellows).
- fern, L. sā'kuam (Pteris aquilina); - root, L. sā'kum.
- H. k·ë'stem.
- to fetch fire, L. A. a'noa; L. acano ā'tlen, I am going to -; L. anē'k a, to fetch fuel.
- few, L. hō'latlpetā'ō(—pētāō small). to fight, to make war, N. qo'metlela. to fight, L. khū'q'uit.
- --- against each other, H. ts'e'katla.
- always fighting, winā' lagyilis.
- fighting place, hä'k oqtems.
- fin of whale, L. tlä'kya (- ēgya, back). - dorsal fin of fish, H. ts'E'mtegya (--ëgya, back).
- anal –, H. temtemua'tsē.
- ____ pectoral -, H. k'a'lk'alk'Em.
- to find something unexpectedly, N. H. tlo'k oala; this term is used especially for meeting a supernatural being; tlo'k'oē, what is found unexpectedly.
- to find while walking, N. k.'āk asky-

- inā'la (see To walk); in songs: tayukuinā'la.
- hand and fingers, L. k.oa/k.oaqtsanë (-tsaue, hand), H. k · (a'k · oaqskyā'nē (-skyānē, hand), G. нінnaqsky'ā'nē (-sky'ānē, hand).
- first finger, L. ts'e'mala, H.G. ts'Em. second -, L. no'la (=elder brother), H. k.'om, G. k.'a'qtē.
- third—, L. a'lt'aq, H. ssā'lö, G. sā'lē. fourth -, L. kh'ēt, H. kh'ē'ta, G. kyida'.
- finger ring, L. k'ē'k'atEqtlē, G. k ëk·Etgyā/nē.
- fir, L. iaiaqpā'lamis (-mis, tree), **H.** anē'oas (= fuel (?)).
- fire, N. не'k ala; нек ala la ni'kye, mountain is on fire; L. N. le'k öitl, fire in house; -qtlala, fire, flames; o'qılala, flames; tu'qtlala, to jump into fire; hanutlala, kettle on fire (han-, versel); k'antlalatse. great fire (k'ai, much; -t.ē, large); tē'qtlala, to full into fire; H. Qui'ltela, fire; leguī'las, fireplace (-iil, in house; -as, place); tqtla'lis, to jump into fire; G. Qulikeā'gē, fire : k'aiнtlala, large fire; tQtla'la, to jump into fire; qu'Itquita, lightning; kHa'ktlaloda'tse, kettle (-atsē, receptacle).
- fire drill, L. a'nek', A. ano'kh, H. ano'k.
- base of fire drill, H. aro'k (used with ear wax).
- firm, immovable, N. a'latle; ale's, immovable in ground; ale'tl-, in house; ale'tsem, firmness.
- first, N. gyil; gyilgyilā'itl, ancestor (= first of house); gyā'lamustâla, salmon beginning first to ascend the river; H. gyā'la; gya'lh'it, first time.

fish, H. mā'gvilis (see meā', salmon; —gyilis, earth = all).

- sp (?), Tl. t'ō'ıōp.

--- sp (?), Tl. qō'ltsus.

fishline, L. k'alk', H. k'unE'm.

- for deep sea, L. mak a'noe, H. me'lek.

fist, L. k''oē'k'otsE'maē.

five, N. H. sky'a, G. sikyo'Q; - round objects, sikya'sk'Em; - long objects, sikyātsq.

fisteen, N. H. sky'a'gyū, G. sikyagū'u.

fifty, H. sky a'ksuk, G. sikyapenk'ā'popena

flagstaff, N. sentle'p'iq (-p'iq, pole).

flat land, N. A. ötsâ'lis, N. Nemökuistâ'lis, alone on flat, open land.

flee, L. H. topeatse.

floodtide, L. iū'nak oa, H. īq'oīt.

to flood, N. d'a'ı a; d'apali's, covered by tide; d'apE'ls, to flood ground outside of house

floor of house, N. -itl, H. will.

flower, L. k.oa'san.

— sp. (?), a white —, **H**. k·oī'k.

- sp. (?), red and blue -, H. mats'ē/k ola.

to fly, L. tlanā'k ua, H. mā'ıEla; mā'tēa, to fly above something; mä'taput, to fly below (-poa, below); mā'ılmatem, wings.

foam, N. aā'owē; ā'watsē, large foam (name of a place).

fog, L. p'E'lqEla, H. ā'nk'oala, G. a'nq'ank'oë (see Cloud).

hā'mts'aqtlë'e, rest of food.

foolish, L. neno'lo, N. no'ntlem, neno'lo; nolo'k amē, greatest fool (mythical name of porcupine); Nölöyüēgyilis, fool in middle of canoe on earth; Nūtlemistalitse'mk'a, female, all

around foolishness (-ista, around; —tsem, —ness; —k.a, female = made to walk around everywhere like a fool); Nū tlk alagvilis, always acting like a fool; Nütlnütleli'kya, highest of all fools; Nū'tlatla, similar to a fool; Nū'tlamo, born a fool; No'ntlemgyila, making foolish.

foot and leg below knee, N. gyūkoiū', L. gyū'koa'ē, H. kōkuē', G.

gyū'goē.

- N. H. G. (ōq)sī'tsē; ō'patsētsē, foot of an object; L. ts'oqtsoqsī'tsē, hoofs; oqtlaksī'tsē, heel; .H. amea'tltsītsē, skin of heels; yīi'qstēnsītsē, dancing leggins; k'uk'utsī'tsa, skin of feet; G. dzūqdzuqdzītsa, dancing leggins.

forehead, N. --ēoē, L. ō'kwēoē, forehead; aikyā'oē (= good forehead); k'oatsē'oē, scar on forehead; ts'eqe'oe, dancing cap (ts'ek'a, secrets); Tl. yiqo'eoe, dancing cap; tl'esī'oē, skin of -; Hī'sī aē, wolf's head mask for Tlokoala; ökü'iatlē, forehead on ren (-11e, on sea); H. G. tak eioa', forehead; H. k'a'këioa, glabella (=notch in forehead(?)); qapë'ioa, head presser (qapë, cradle); 11'ā'k oēioa, headring of cedar bark (il'āk'ok', red); tloqeioa'la, forehead is sick.

forest, L. a'tlen (= inland, behind), H. krā's.

food, H. hā'mts'imas(ham-, to eat); foundation, N. ky'ā'k'atla; ky'ā'k'a, - on stone (-a, stone); ky'ā'. k'is, house founded in water (-is, in water), pile dwelling.

to founder, L. wuns'it.

four, N. H. mū, G. mūQ. fourteen, N. H. mū'agyū, G. mūagi'u.

forty, H. mök·suk, G. möpen k·'ā'pöpena, N. Mamö'sk·amee'nkoa, carrying four round ones.

fox, white-tailed (?), **H.** mök·'uqt (mö/k·oa, white; —qt, end of body).

fragment, N. —tses; quā'kunatses, — of canoe; qu'lk oatses, — of dish.

those free from Tsētsā'ēk'a, N. k'uē'-k'ulsē.

my friend! N. k'āst.

to frighten, N. hawi'natla.

to be frightened, L. ts'E'ılkya.

frog, L. Tl. wok.'ä'c, H. atsi'.

front, H. 11'ās—; 11'āskam, — of box, man (—skam, outside surface); 11ā'satsē, painted front of box; 11ā'sanoa, — of house, island, round object.

fuel, L. le'k'oa; fireplace, le'k'o-itl (= fire in house).

full, L. H. G. k'ō'ula: H. k'ō'l'auq gis ha'mhimisa, this box is full of food.

to make fun of somebody, N. āa'mt-lala.

to make fun of somebody's words, N. guā'k 'wāla.

funnel for mending kelp bottle, N. ts'ēls'Equmesā'waē.

furscal, L. N. qā'oa.

future, L. N. —tl; ganE'mtl, — rife; quā'kunatl, canoe that is making.

G.

game of hoops, N. gyā'naē, A. gyā'-natala.

game (children stand in a circle around one who tries to make the others laugh by tickling them), A. Quā'ni.

gens, N. nem'ē'mut.

ghost, L. N. bakuinē'i (from bākus,

man), lâ'lēnoq (—ēnoq, people), **H**. lōa'ıl; **N**. lōlō'ılalatl, ghost dance (—laṭl, dance).

giant, N. hē'itsē (=the great one;
—tsē, great).

gills, L. k·'ō'senāē, H. g'u'ntsē.

girl (about twelve years old), L. kyayā'lam (= little woman), H. g''anE'mō.

to give, N. ts'â, H. tsoā'.

glabella, H. k'akēioa' (k'ak—, notch; —ēioa, forehead).

to gnaw, N. ky'ā'pa, H. gy'ā'p'ētsö. to go, L. N. la-; lo'otlto, - out of canoe (-otlt, out of canoe); laqta'la, - out seaward; la'laō. tla, always going across; laqs, - into canoe (-qs, in canoe); lē'istala, - around (-ista, 'around); latu'sela, canoe goes down river; latu'selagyilis, walking down river; G. leä'tl, to enter (-itl, in house); lags, to go into canoe; H. laai'ıl, to enter (-itl, in house); laai'tla, to carry into house; laq-ī'ua, to go through; la'qa, to go downward (-aqa, down); lēinakula, to go moving towards an object (-nakula, motion); toua', to walk : totsoa', - over a plank; tokoia', - over a pile of planks.

- N. g·ō'lselin laq John, I am going to John.

to go to look for —, N. —uiala; qoā'qoakuia'la, — canoe; hā'-natlaiala, — canoe = to go to buy a canoe; hamasuiā'lagyilis, always going about to look for food.

go on! L. wēkiā'a.

god, L. k'ants'õ'ump (= our father); k'ants amiqala'soē (whom we praise).

good, L. N. aikн, H. G. aiн; N. aiнаkâ'la, good among others;

ē'igyitlala, good on water; ia'qsum, bad; ia'khim, cause of evil; ē'ikhim, cause of good (luck, etc.); ēikhsōqstō'ē, with pretty eyes; ēiky'ēs, sand (= good beach); aihp'aqsta, to speak good of one; H. aikhitskolis, good, flut beach; iakh, bad; G. aihpa, good taste; aihp'a'la, good smell; aigyitsuī's. sand (= good beach).

good-by! L. alā'kyasla, H. wilē'-Hsēga.

goose, L. ne'qāk'.

grandfather, L. N. H. gʻā'gʻɛmp (gʻāgʻa's, thy —), G. gʻagʻā'p. grandson, N. L. ts'ö'qtēma (ts'ō'qtlema (?)), H. ts'ō'qtlema.

granddaughter, N. ts'ō'qtēmak'as (ts'ō'qtlemak as (?)) (-k as, female), H. ts'ō'qtlemak's (-k's, female).

to grasp, L. k·'ō'ēsātl, N. dā'H'it, H. tqsemē'.

grass, H. ky'ē'(Em; N. ky'ē'tōkwis, grassy place.

grave, L. tēgyā'ya, H. tsuwī'k', A. alā'k'.

- of chief, A. tk 'ale'em.

— in tree, **H**. ky'ā'kqlatlak' (see Foundation).

graveyard, A. H. al'aiā's (—as, place of).

great, N.—tsē; sā'tsē, great man; hē'itsē, giant; Nā'ntsē, great bear; nā'k atsē, the great wine one; (see Large); H. k''aië'kyns, really great (see Many).

great among —, N. Nemk'ē's'ānatl, the greatest among the Nimkish; gyēqsems'ānatl, the greatest among the gyē'gsem.

great-grandparent, N. hē'lus.

yreat grandchild, N.hē'lōgwinē(m.), hē'lōgwinēk as (f.), H. tlētlaulstoa.

great-great-grandfather, N. ē't'os. grease of olachen, H. tlē'na. grebe, N. k.'ō'taq.

green, L. tl E'nqa, H. tē'qa; tē'qsEm, green blanket.

ground, N. -gyis.

grouse, L. hömhöm (?), Tl. mā'k oals, H. mkyels (-als, in woods (?)).

group of, N. —qsem; tiā'tloqsem, copperplates tied together; gyë'qsem, a group of chiefs.

to grow, N. k.' (a'qa.

gum, L. k·oali'kH, Tl. k·'oā'k·oalē, H. k·olē', H.

gun, L. hā'ntlem (see Arrow), N. hā'natlaiala, to go to buy a gun, G. kyidai'ō.

gutts, H. ts'ēi'E'm.

Gyimanoitq, G. Qanā'ks'iala.

Gyitamat, H. G. Qāisla'.

Gyitamat language, G. awī'kyala, = correct noise.

H.

Haida, H. Haida, G. Qa'ēdaq. to hail, L. tsi'lqa, N. tsi'lqmis, H. tsE'lqpis (= knowing to —), G. tsE'lqa.

hair, L. sā'ya, G. H. sī'a, L. N. H.
hap—; L. hapa'qstēya, beard
(= mouth hair); hā'pēlik; eyelashes; hapa'mtsō, — in armpits; hāpkHsia', chin beard
(= tooth hair); H. hapta'ē,
beard (= mouth hair); hā'paqstoa, eyelashes; hā'mtsoa, — in
armpits (—tsoa, inside); G.
hā'bilih, eyelashes.

half, L. nek'ō'ioi (see Middle), H.
k''ā'nsē, N. sō'ps'al, to cut in
half; sōps'a'lsa, to cut in half
in woods; sōps'alī'sa, to cut in
half on beach; mātls'alī'tla, to
divide into two halves in house.

half breed, N.mā'matl'atsē (= young harelda glacialis, H. ā'anak. of white man).

halibut, L. N. H. p'ō'ē.

— dried, H. d'ā'lōs.

-fabulous, N. петна'likyō.

haliotis, L. N. A. H. ai'Htsum; N. Aintsumā'litlilak', made - in house; Aintsumk amlitl, covered with - in house; al'eintsem, real - (?); A. Aintsumk'anak'.

Hamats'a, N. hā'mats'a, H. tanī's. hammer, N. liky'ai'ō.

---, stone, L. N. pe'lpelk, H. p'a'yoq, qā'utsē; p'ā'yoq t'ē'sEmā'qa, the hammer is of stone.

hand (and fingers), L. k.oa'goagtsanē, H. k·oā/k·oagskyanē (hands); haiā'sō, G. hā'isū; L. N. — tsana, tsānē; k·Emqotltsa'na, left -; tl'e'stsane, skin of -; hē'itlkyutts'ā'na, right — (= right opposite hand); k·'utsā'nē, scar on —; t'at'i'qtsana, to scratch -: H. G. -kyānē; k'uk'uskyā'nē, skin hands; hā'itlkutkyanē, right -; k'ogskyā'na, to cut off-; aluskyanā'la, blood on-; owe'gyatlkya'ne, back of -; pāk 'atlkyā'nē, palm of -: G. HiHnaqskyā'nē, fingers; k.'ē'k Etgyā'nē, ring.

to hang over rope, v. n., L. k. ā'q'uit. v. a., N. k·ē'Hoa; k·ē'us, wash line (= place of hanging); k'e-Hustâl, woman hanging wash (-usta, up).

- one's self, L. mo'kuagot (mog, to tie (?); -aqa, down).

to hang on to nail, L. te'kuitl; N. tek ugsta'e, something hanging down from mouth.

to make happen, N. k'oë'gyilisa. happy, H. aikyek Ela' (see Good). hard, L. p'ē'isa.

harpoon for salmon, L ale'winog, k·atlāva (k·atlā/yō (?)), H. ts'ā'kyem.

- double point of -, H. kqpa = notch point.

- shaft of -, H. mā'siūtl.

sealing harpoon, N. mästö.

hat, L. N. tlete'mtl (-Emtl, head côver), H. k ā'it; N. gyē'k amtl, chief's hat (-gyē, chief); yiqu'mtl, head mask (= dancing head cover); H. tl'E'kyimtl, wooden hat for war.

to hate (see Envy), N. tle'selasue, the hated one; hā'inakyalasō, the hated one; he'nakyala, to hate, to slander (?).

hau-hau, H. hā'ok hāok .

to have, N. aqno kuate, he has it; -nuk, having; Metlä'lanuk, having east wind; Koahilano'kune, having smoke = who always gives away smoke.

head, L. Qums, H. G. hainte; H. -k·ēa; k'usk·ēa, skin of head; tl'ogk ea'le, head is sick; tak k·ēā'la, head cover; k·'ā'tsoakēa, crown of -; tsö'sk'ēa, dried head.

- to cut off head, L. k ā'H'it; L. N. k'ā'gyik', head cut off; N. gaue'k. head cut off.

head ring of cedar bark, Tl. kage. ma'la tlā'k'oq, H. tl'ā'k'oēioa (-ēioa, forehead); N. Yigumā'lakilak', made to une head dress.

head presser, H. qapë'ioa (qap'ē, cradle; -ēioa, forehead).

head, top of a thing, N. ö'qtle.

- of river, N. ögyeqtöe

- of land, cape, N. o'kuitemë; O'kuitemālis, - on beach.

to hear, H. hā'umētl, k'ā'uwatela; k-ā'wat'Es, with good power of hearing.

heart, L. no'k'ë, N. nâ'k'aë, H. wa'stema.

heaven, Tl. lõ'ua, nä'la, A. lEua';
N. lE'uagyila, heaven maker,
name of the raven.

heavy, H. goiô'k'.

heel, L. öqtlaksī'tsē (—sītsē, foot), H. öqtlā'tlmoa.

hemlock, L. tle'nek', Tl. koa'q, H. lō'k'oas.

hermaphrodite, H. koa'lk'.

herring, L. H. wā'nē; H. waā'nēgyila, where herring use to come.

— roe, fresh and dried, H. āa'nt. — rake, L. tlētā'iō

to hew with axe, L. N. sō'pa; sō'paiō, axe (—aiō, instrument); H. k'ō'kou.

to hide, L. wu'na.

high, L. N. ai'ky'a, H. aiky'ē (see Above).

high water, L. t'E'tEPEmē; H. iqoē't, it is flood; iqumē', it is high water.

hill, gently sloping, **L**. aikнінёй (see High).

to hit, L. k.'a'pa.

to hold by ear, N. nī'sa.

hole, **L**. ko'qsoala, **N**. guā'qoē; **H**. guā'p, torn, no piece missing; lōpla', a piece missing (see Emp'y).

hoof. L. ts'ōqtsōqsī'tsē (—sītsē, foot; distributive), H. kskinā'tl.

hook, L. k·'ē'taiō, tlā'k·aiō, H. k·ā'-tlaiō, ak·s.

horn, H. wutle'm.

house, L. N. Tl. gyō'k; N. gyigyō'qtsē, large house; gyōqsī'waē,
house at mouth of river; gyōq'Enqē, house on edge; gyōqtEms,
village site; gyōgyōkōnutlEmāla, houses on both sides; H.
gōk'; G. gyū'kuila, to make —;
gyūqtlis, house at mouth of river;

gyūqstāis, house is in water; gyōk, also: winter village.

house with many steps, Tl. tso'ya-yuk'.

Tl. —tsems, ō.natse'ms, large house.

--- on piles, N. ky'ā'k'is = founded in water.

- housefellow, G. wā'oitl.

— inside of —, house floor, —itl; N. ts'āī'tlela, to run into house; tō'wîtl, to jump —; d'ō'quītla, to look —; wā'wakulītla, to bark —; k'ētyeqstā'litl, carrying in mouth in house; mō'tsītl, chief's wife = keeping from floor blankets; ku'm Helalītl, clean house; le'k'oītl, fire —; hanī'tl, kettle on floor; d'ō'k'oītlila, to look into —; lō'pītl, empty —; laaī'tla, to carry into —; laaī'tl, to enter; G. g'oā'itl, to sit in —; wā'oitl, house mate.

humming bird, H. koā'kumta.

hundred, G. skyöq beguā'num = five men.

hungry. N. L. pö'sk'a; pösk'anlötl, 1 am — to you; H. G. pö'ës (—ës, inside of man); N. pawë'tsit, one whom the hungry askfor food.

to hunt deer, H. kā'k'amela (see Deer).

to hurt one's foot, L. iā'lelkoa.

hunting box for canoe, N. o'tsags (-qs. in canoe).

husband, L. H. tla'wunEm.

I.

I, N. H. G. no'gua; N. yin.

ice, L. N. H. G. tl'oq.

Indian, N. bā/k'um, G. beguā'num (= men).

— of inland, N. Lā'qolis, N. H. ā'tlasimiH (ā'tla, inland).

infant, N. wī'sa, G. qābQ (see Cradle).

inland, N. ā'tla; atlâ'lēnoq, inland people = wolves.

inside, N. otsa, otso'; la'tsut, gyī'tsot, to put flut object into a box; tle'nqtsut, to put long object into a box; Hi'lqtsut, to put blanket, shirt into a box; kapā'tltsut, to put round thing into a box; agtsū't, to put anything into a box; kyā'tsō, it is in box, .li l closed; kyētso'mo, kyā'taqtlēmö, it is in hox, lid opened; hapa'mtso, hair in armpits; ts'intsâ'la, headache; Tl. gya'qtsoa, to enter; H. o'tsoa, inside; gyē'tsot, to put into; tuqtsoa, to jump into; lou'mtsoa, empty inside; la'isoa, to enter; ha'mtsoa, hair in armpit.

—— a second thing in∗ide a larger one, N. hē'l'ō; hēl'utsâ'ls, a small house in a larger one; hē'l'utsō, a small lake in a larger one. —— of mouth, N. awētlaā'ōē.

of salmon, birds, N. awitsë'.

of man, **H**. ōwa'qtē, **N**. —is; sē'ilis, snake in belly; **H**. —is; lōpē's, hungry (=inside empty).

— corner, N. ō'nē.

instep, **H**. wī'gyatlsī'tsē = back of foot.

instrument, N. H. -aiö.

interstices of fingers, **H**. ōwaqts'Esā'wa.

inventor (see Councilor), N. kuē'q'ēnoq; Kuēkuaqā'oē, great —.

to invite, N. a'etsēsta, to invite all around to feast; k'ō'stītses, to invite guests arriving in canoes to land.

island, L. N. makyâ'la, distr. maa'mkyâla; mē'mkumlis, islands opposite village; H. tl'ēkyā'ē.

at low water peninsula, H. wēq-tlai's.

J.

jaw, lower, H. wunk eugte (= edge of mouth).

- joint. H. aqak'E'm.

blue jay, L. ku'ckuc, H. koā'ēleqs. joint, H. kqta (notch (?)).

juice of berries, L. saā/k·, H. k·oēlē/s.

to jump, L. N. tu'q'uit; N. tu'qwuls,
to jump upon ground; tō'witl,
— into house; tu'qsta, — into
water; tuqtla'la, — into fire;
H. tquā'lut, — towards; tqulā'lis, — into fire; tqu'neqaut,
— along; tq'oā'qa, — down;
tq'ō'tllsoa, — out of; tqsī'oa,
— through; tqsō'stēoa, — up;
tqsta, — into water; tqtsoa,
— into; G. tquī't; tqtlā'lis,
— into fire; tqsta, into water.

— (salmon), G. t'ā'lema.

K.

to keep on, to continue, N. iā'la.
kelp, L. pāpōk oā'nim, H. wā'watē.
kettle, N. hanī'tl, — on floor; ha'nutlala, — on fire (—utlala,
fire); H. G. gy'āutlalō'tatsē
(—atsē, receptacle).

— wooden, L. k''ō'latsē (—atsē, receptacle), H. ky'etlā'tl, G. kyeba'tsē.

to kick, L. koa'c'it; H. k'a'naqEit, — with toes; tsē'qoit, — with heels.

killed, N. ky'ē'lagyuk'.

to kill, H. Elq, tlatlala', N. halqa; halai'ō, means of killing; halqsīua'lis, killing on land at mouth of river; ha'lq'ainoq, murderer; ha'lqagyilak', made to kill; halqabo'ē, kiling underneath.

killer whale, L. N. Tl. mā'q'ēnoq (= knowing to pursue secretly), A. ha'lqaainoq. H. G. ha'lq'-

- ēnoq (= murderer); H. ha'lq'ainō'Quılak'oē, killer kettle; ha'lq'ailak', painted killer whale.
- kindly, N. ē'ikyala (= good noise; see Happy); k'ēk'ak'â'lis, a dance sait to mean: every one kind to him.
- knife for cleaning skins, L. ky'auwai'ō, H. k'auwai'ō.
- fish knife, H. k qtsem.
- pocketknife, H. qtai'ō, G. k'et-k'tā.
- ---- large, **L**. gy'ā'qōla, **G**. ts'u'tla.
- of hawinalatl, k'a'ntlaiō. — stone knife, **H**. nEbai'ō.
- knot on tree, N. k·ö'k·oa; k·ök·oqp'e'kyē, — on lower part of tree (= knot on shinbone; —p'ē'kyē, shinbone).
- to know (see To hear), L. k''â'tlam, N. k'ā'la; k'ā'lamōtl, he — it; k'ā'lak'olits, the world knows; H. k''aō'tlnō'gua, I know it.
- I do not know, H. Hō'ta.
- knowing everything on earth (see Story), nū'qnēmis (see Wise. Name of the animals in myths). knuckle, **H**. ōk'oia'.

L.

labret, H. k'a'tqtala (-qta, mouth). lake, L. tsā'latl, H. g'ā'us.

lame, H. d'E'mkoa.

lance, N. wi'tlpa (-p., point).

- land, **N**. —gyas, —lis, —gyilis, **H**. wa'q'uis.
- to land, L. H. lā'gyilis (= to go to land), L. ā'ılēstēh Quā'k'un, the canoe lands.
- language (see To speak), H. k.'ōm-Hsīuakya'la, white man's language (noise); G. awī'kyala, Gyit'amat language = correct noise.
- large, L. N. wa'las; wā'lasila, to

- give fifty blunkets to each in potlatch (= to make large); awō'gyōq, large house; Tl. ō'mas; ōmatse'ms, large house; G. aō'mas, H. k''ē'kyas, k''aiē'kyas (= really large, much); k''ētsoa', large water; k''ē'Htla'li, large fire; N. k''ē'qtlala, large fire; k''aHtlalatsē, place of great fire; (k''ē'kyēna, many on drifting log).
- large, N.—tsē; gyō'ktsē, large house; gyigyō'qtsē, distr. large houses; quā'quaku'natsē, large canoes; K. K.'ō'titsē, large one pointing to earth.
- last, **H.** walā'qtlē (—qtlē, hind) (see Daughter).
- to laugh, H. dā'ılila; dātltsE'm, laughter; G. dā'tla.
- Ilaunch canoe, L. wigsten Ququa'-kun.
- lazy. N. L. k''ā'msa; L. k''a'msen, I am —; K. K''ā'msintlē, — on top; H. kysk'ās.
- to lead hamats'a around after Tsā'ēk'a, N. wä'lek'a.
- leaf, L. paā'k'; paā'k'mis, maple
 (= leaf tree); H. mēmē'eqtlao,
 G. qā'k'um.
- to learn, N. g ä'gōtla; g āg ōtlā/numa, I come to learn (see To hear).
- to leave, L. pâ'o.
- left, L. k'Emqōiltsāna (—tsāna, hand), H. k'EmEqā'ot; k'EmEqā'otlna, left side of body (—na, body); G. âdzgyut (—gyut, opposite).
- leg below knee, N. ō'p'ēkyē, —p'ēkyē; k''ōk'oqp'èkyē, swelling on shinbone; H. k''ō'spēgya, tl'ē'tl'ēgya.
- above knee, L. ōnutsa'qstē (—nuts, side; —qstē, bottom), H. asā'nōtsEqtlē (—nōts, side;

tā'maluk, having splint in leg; k'uk'usqtā'mō, skin of legs above knee; G. kyukgota'moa, knee.

leggins, H. tē'tElqts'oa; G. dzūdzuqtsī'tsa, dancing — (tsītsa, foot).

let us not! N. koā'lanits.

lid of box, N. kok·ētayā'nō, gyī'segstâl.

to lie down, L. kulī'tl (-ītl, in house); H. ka'lkuitl, lying person.

to lie down to sleep, H. la'Hstaitl (-ītl, in house).

to lie on back, L. netle'tso, N. d'e'kyatla; D'ēikyâ'la, lying on back on sea; d'ē'intlala, lying on back in fire.

to tell a lie, N. tle'lkoala, H. k'e'ik us.

light, N. nā'k ula; na'qnaikya, day by day (?); Naqnaaisilao'k oa, making the earth always lighted; Na'qnaikyim, making light; nagnaais, earth being always lighted; nā'k oatlaio, means of giving light; Na'qnaikyimgyī'lak', made light maker.

to light fire, L. H. lek uē'la.

light (not heavy), H. k'us.

lightning, L. tlenë'quit, G. Qu'ltquta (see Fire).

lips, H. sali'qtē (-qtē, mouth).

liquid, L. iā'qa.

to listen, N. H. k'ā' watela, G. k'â'tela (see To hear).

liver, H. tl'Egye's.

to load canoe, L. mā'wa, N. mō'qsEla (-qs, in canoe), H.la'qsut (-ut, v. a.), G. wā'meqsut; wā'mōtltūt, to unload (-otlt, out of canoe; — $\bar{u}t. v a.$).

to lock. L. ja'k Emt.

locked, L. k'oë'tlk'ient.

log, N. t'Ena'ē (?); H. ya'k'oē, driftwood; p'uqoai, a log always drifting on same place.

-qtlē, hind), -: amo; koak:- long, L. N. gyi'lta; N. gyilta'la, - river; gyiltë'itl, - house; gyi'lsgyiltem, long-headed people; H. G. gyilt.

- mouth of long shape, N. ts'e'k'atla.

- in composition with numerals, N. H. G. -tsq.

long ago, L. H. k'aiū'tlutl; H. k'aiū'tlutl'ats, in reference to invisible objects.

to look, L. N. H. G. do'quit; N. dog'ok'ala, - among; do'. quitla, - into house; dogtsastaitlela, he was -ing into house; dögsemaintlak, I - after; **H**. dogoqtla'la; - back (-qtla, hind; —la, v.); dok·oitlila, —into house; dok oaqala, — down; doqsistala, - all around; doqsostēwala, — up; G. dumdu'k -qk'a, - among.

- up, L. ēikyak·E'mHit (= to make face up), G. Hā'tEla.

- down, L. penk·e'mhit (= tomake face down).

- along, H. koë'k'a (-k'a, reaching towards).

loon, H. bā'tla.

to lose, H. tēkōsō't.

loud, N. hā'sEla (see Council), H. ia'ky'ēk la (= bad noise).

louse, L. k en, H. ga'ina.

to louse, L. k.'u'tla.

low, H. nE'qwas.

low voice, N. aö'lak'ula; aö'lak'oak awaso, the one speaking with lowest voice (-k'awa, extreme; -sō, participle).

low, the lowest house of a row along river, N. gua'pē.

low water, L. ky'ā'ts'aias, H. tl'ô'palis.

lungs, H. Qu'sa.

lynx, K. wā'lashe (= large tooth) (-she, tooth).

M.

made of —, N. —tses; t'e'sumises, made of stone,

to make, N. H. -gyila; N. ô'magyila, to make chieftainess; hē'iligyilik ala, always wanting to cure (hēitl-, right); wā'numgyila, death; ha'mgyila, to feed; le'wagyila, heaven maker: ha'lqagyilak', made a murderer: K'oē'gyilak', made a whale; T'e'sumgyilak', made stone; k·oē'gyilisa, to make something happen; -ila; te'msila, to beat time; H. a'mgyila, to cook; -guila; go'guila, to make house; wī'guilak', painted eagle; -ila; halq'ailak', painted killer whale: tle' Huila, to make mat; G. gyū'guila, to make house.

to make fire with fire drill, H. sela'.

man (homo), N. H. beguā'num; N.

beg'u's, man in woods; baqlā'k',
eating human flesh; baqbaku'latl, always eating human flesh;
Baqbakuālanusī'waē, always
eating human flesh at mouth of
river; begyâ'sit, widower; bā'guala, to talk (man); bā'bakum,
youth; H. beguā'numkyasō, a
real man; bgua'la, to talk (man);
bgöpē's, a talker.

man (vir), H. G. wē'sem; Bilqulā's wē'sem, a Bilqula man.

enoq, N. laqs'Entae'noq, who knows to cut up.

many (see Much, Great, Large), N.
k''ē'nem; k''ē'kyes; eating
much; k'ak''ē'ky'ēin, I try to
eat much; k'aye'nkui, many in
hand; k'ani'tē, many in him;
k''ē'kyēna, many on a log of
driftwood; k''ai'uq, precious;
H. k''ai'nem; k''aihtla'la,
much fire; kykiē'i, many things
adrift; k''ē'kyats, large.

maple, L. paā'k'mis (= leaf tree).
married, H. hā'isk'.

martin, L. N. tle'k'ek', Tl. tlā'k'ik', H. me'stlk'an.

martin blanket, N. tle'k oqsem, H. mā/mastlk ōtl.

mask, L. N. H. yi'qamtl (yiq—,
dance;—amtl, head cover); H.
ha'lqamtl, killer whale mask
(ha'lqa, to kill); Hī-ī'uaē, small
wolf's mask for Tlōkoala, worn
on head (—īuaē, forehead);
nau'alak·(general term for dancing implements).

mast, L. iau'apek, H. yai'uaspēk, G. yū'p'iq (wind pole).

mat of bleached cedar bark, N. gyī'-tsus.

— diagonal, L. N. G. tlē'wē, H. tlē'oa; tlē'huila, to make mat.

—— diagonal with black stripes, N. tsā'tsaēuq.

--- for salmon, N. yipelô'.

- of bulrushes, N. kulë'e.

me, N. gyā'qen.

meat, L. Elis.

medicine, L. pātä'E, H. ē'qsa.

to mend, N. hai'atlila (= to make right); Hai'atlilak'as, mending woman.

to meet, N. kyi'mk'a (-k'a, reaching towards), H. bā'kō.

to mell, ice melts, L. yā'qētla tlōq. menses, H. ē'qenta.

middle, N. nā'k aualis; nā'k otlēua,

the — one; nā'k otlēua, — on

vater; nā'k otlēvisen s nā'la,

middle of sky; nak ō'yuitlē,

— in something on sea; L. nak ō'kiē, midnight; nek ā'la,

novn; N. gyū'iuē, the middle one;

gyū'iulis, middle one of all;

ō'yuē, the middle one in canoe;

nōlōyūēgyilis, fool in middle of

canoe on world.

- midnight, L. nak'ē'kiē (see Middle), H. k''ā'ikya, G. k''a'sk'amīya (k''ā'stisa, noon).
- mild, N. iantlemē'tl, made (in song).
- milt, H. d'E'lgyim.
- mink (Putorius vison), L. N. metsa', Tl. H. kô'na, G. kunā'q; N. Кнён, in tales (probably borrowed from the Coast Salish k'ā'iq); N. K. Tl. name in myths: tlē'sɛlagyila, sun maker.
- to miss, L. t'ē'k'oa.
- monster in sea, L. iā'khim (= cause of evil), H. iā'khis (= evil in sea).
- moon, L. mū'k'ola, A. H. nō'si, G. gyīdzō'a; A. in myths Kyē'lō-yak'amē = the first one.
- morning, L. nā'H'it (= light), H. wī'ōtl, k'oa'k'aai'la, G. na'q-k'oa.
- mortar, H. mekoa'tsē (-atsē, receptacle).
- mosquito, H. k.'a'ēqa.
- mother, L. N. abE'mp, H. G. abô'uk, N. L. āt (said by children), H. mā'ma (said by children).
- motion, N. H.—nakula; N. mā'nakula, to swim (= fish motion);
 K.'ōmena'kula, getting rich;
 H. lēina'kula, to go toward;
 tlāna'kula, bark breaker;
 k'ōkena'kula, axe (see To hew);
 k'ēina'kula, to go straight ahead.
- --- to go far off moving, k'uī'setla (see Far).
- mountain, L. nī'kyē (borrowed from Nootka (?)), A. k''ōk's, H. g'ō'guis, G. wawē's.
- with snow on top, **H**. nask'Emā'la (na'ē, snow; —sk'Em, round thing).
- goat, L. me'lqtlō, H. G. ts'āk'; ts'ā'k'gyila, where many —.

- mountain kid, H. mëmE'ntl.
- blanket, L. N. pelpelask E'm, H. ts'atsaqkā'utl.
- --- tallow, N. ia'sEk'.
- mouse, N. L. gyigya'tsk', A. tsā'mi, H. askyä'nēk'qs (female).
- mouth, L: N. A. H. G. sums; N. -qstē, tl'ē'tsEqstē, skin of --(a'oagstē, mouth); ak agstālis, with open mouth on beach (ak'-, open mouth); pe'nkyutaqste, chin (= below opposite mouth); te'kuqsta, carrying in mouth; nā'lagstala, carrying day in mouth; k'amquagstalis, feathers in mouth on beach; ha'paq. stēya, beard; ēkyut'ēqstēn, palate (= above opposite mouth); H. -qtaē; hā/pqtaē, tache; sītqta'la, a cod; hasq. ta'la, council; saliqie, lips; k'atqta'la, labret; po'qtae, æsophagus; qtlqta'ē, pipe stem; tl'oqta'la, sick at -; agya'qtala, to scold.
- open mouth, N. ak:—; a'k:ētl, in house; ak:aqstālis, with open mouth on beach.
- inside of mouth, L. N. —ētlqā'oē; N. tl'ētsētlqā'oē, skin —; wa'pētlaqō'ya, saliva; H. tl'ōqoētlaqaua'la, sick —.
- mouth of river, N. ā'siwē; —sīwaē;
 hanhsī'waē, canoe at —; gyō'qsī'waē, house at —; tliqsī'waē,
 cloverroot at —; tsātsūpatsī'waē,
 river mouth dammed up; ha'lqsiualis, killing on land at mouth
 of river; H. K.'ōmhsīwa, European (rich at mouth of river);
 G. wastā's; gyūqtlis, house
 at —; N. kwā'k ēmatla, facing
 mouth of river; kwā'kyūtis,
 shorter one of two points at
 mouth of river (compare: gua—,
 north; guapē, the lower one on

river; —kyūt, opposite; —is, land).

to put into mouth, N. k'a'sela; woqsem k'a'sela, — from both sides.

mouth full of water, N. hamā'la (see To eat).

to move, change home, N. k'ō'stis. to move head while dancing, N. Quā'nēk'a; gyē'sEla (in songs.)

to move wildly, to boil (water), N. p'ō'lēqola.

murderer, N. kuē'qagyila (=killing with club); ky'ē'laky'ēnoq. muskrat, kyilā'k'.

N.

nail of finger, L. N. G. ts'E'mts'Em, H. ts'Emts'E'mk'amē.

name, N. tlē'qk'am; tlē'k'ala, to —; tlatlik'ēlā'lait, every one —s him; ā'nkoaqtlas? what is your —? tlēk'ate'ntlas Nā'ntsē, my name is Nā'ntsē.

nape, L. ä'wapē, H. k·oā/khkenē. narrow, L. āmā/pitoq t'ē/Hila, narrow (small) road.

navel, L. k'EtElō'k'oitsē, H. pō'k'tsē, G. pe'tsdzē.

near, L. H. neqoa'la.

nearly, ha'lsela —; ha'lsela'min wē'tsem, I was nearly not in time.

neck, L. k.'ō/k.'ōn; N. ōqtlaā'toē,
posterior part; ōqā'oē; —qāoē,
anterior part; H. k.'ok.'ō'nē;
—qāoa; pētseqā'oa, wind pipe;
k.'ōtsaqā'oa, collar bone; k.'ōk.'oqā'oa, Adam's apple; tl'āk.qā'oa, neckring of bark; tlō'qoaqāola, — is sick; — skyena,
— posterior part; tlō'qoaskyenā'la, — is sick.

neckring of Hā'mats'a, T1. tla'k'ak', A. k''ā'lamōtl.

needle, L. k'Enā'iō, H. k'oā'qpa (—pa, point).

for macerating bark, A. H. tl'akoā'nē.

nephew, L. N. tlöle', H. tlö'El.

nest of bird, H. sīwa'tsē (-atsē, receptacle); k'Elqaila'tsē.

net (various kinds), A. tlakim, qā'utem, N. gyigy'ē'tlem, H. yik'qk', k''ōkhoayai'ō.

nettles, N. ts'E'ntsEnqtlem. new, L. ā'tltsEm.

news, N. 1s'ê'tlwala (see Famous). to nibble, L. k·'ehī'ttsāō.

niece, L. N. tlole'k as.

night, L. k-ā'nutl, H. pēkk, G. g-ā'nūtl; L. nEk-ē'kiē, midnight.

nine, N. H. G. mūwo's. nineteen, G. mōuasgī'u.

ninety, G. mopenkyâsk''ā'popena.

no [ī, wī, ky'ē], N. wī, not; ky'ē, ky'ē'us, no, none; wī'lok', none (obsolete); wī'emk''asela'sōqtis, with what he was not satisfied; wī'k''as, wī'k''asela, not to have enough; wī'utl, not to get what one wants; wē'kyaē, not quite full (—kyaē, top of box); wī'tsem, not in time; wīō'sukuila, making that there is no time to escape; ia'qsum, bad; H. ky'ē, no; iakh, bad; G. wē'tlimas, weak.

it is not right, N. o'tsatla.

noise, N. H. —ala; N. ba'quyala, summer song (ba'qus, time when no ts'ētsā'ēk'a is held); ts'ē'-k'ala, ts'ētsā'ēk'a song; k'oē'-k'oaqala, raven's voice; hā'sela, loud; kuā'kunqs'ala, council; hauā'q'ala, baton; sa'oltala, noise of falling objects; tlēana'la, noise of falling to pieces; qe'-nt'ala, to snore; de'nqela, to sing; H. tlhsa'la, bad tempered; tlē'qala, to beat time; hai'lala,

to scold; ke'q'ala, noise of saw; G. Guë'tala, Tsimshian language; H. -k oala; N. tso'k oala, noise of dancing apron; aō'lak'ula, low voice; gyō'qgyōk oala, noise of breaking; H. aikh'ēk'ula, good noise; G. Hēiltsa'k oala, Hēiltsuk language; N. H. G. -kyala; N. hē'ikyala, noise; kumlēgkyala, noise; ts'ē'koikyala, voice of gull; hā'inakyalasō, hated; H. k''omnsiuakyala, white man's language; ky'ē'kyala, wooden trumpet; G. awi'kyala, correct language.

noise, N. H. ku'nqula; N. Ku'mkumlēqa'tsē, name of rocks near Ft. Rupert=noise place; H. kunqlā'lis, noise place.

noon, L. nEk-ä'la, H. k-'ā'ek-ea, G. k-'ā'stīsa.

Nootka Sound tribe, N. Tsē'qtlis'atq. north, N. gua'ē, gua'tsē; guaē'noq, northern tribe; H. atl'E'l.

north wind, Tl. qaiō'tl, A. yuyā'la-nok:

nose, L. Hi'nts'as, H. Hmāk, G.

Hūma'q, N.—itlpē; L. kwā'witlpē, perforation of septum;
N. tl'ē'tsitlpē, skin of—; H.
—itlpa; ū'itlpa, bill; tlōqoētlpē'lē, nose is sick; tlE'nk·oitlpa,
point of—; k·oā'k·oitlpa, perforation of septum.

nose ornament, Tl. kyū'kuis. upper part of nose, H. ōwak'ā'ois. nostril, H. Hi'nts'as (see Nose). not, N. ky'ē, G. ky'ū.

notch, N. k'aq; k'aqaqtla', with two points; H. k'aqdē, notch of arrow.

novice in forest, N. gyī'egyila (=making chief); d'ē'k Ematla; tsē'tlEla, — after his return from the forest. 0.

obsidian (?), T1. tsk uls.

ocean, N. H. tl'ā'sak'; tlask'ë'noq, people of—; tlā'tlasik'oala, those on—; L. ā'owēkh, foam (?).

æsophagus, H. pō'qtaē (see Mouth).
often, N. —pes; dōk'ulā'psentlak',
 I see him —; ts'eqk''ā'pesen, I
 am — sick; —elk'; ts'eqk''
 E'lek'en, I am — sick (see Expert).

oil, L. k'Els, H. tlē'na.

olachen, N. H. tsā'qun ; H. tsā'quila, where — is always dried ; N. ts'E'mt'Ek', half dry; wī'ōt'En.

old man, N. k.'u'liak', L. nō'mas; N. Nōmase'nqēlis, the oldest on earth (—Enq, edge); H. nō'mas.

old woman, L. N. H. tlEkuā'nē.

old, L. k·ē'iōtl.

old (inanimate objects), N. k·ä'tla (see Long ago).

O'mamis, name of a place.

on,(1) — long object, N. G. ö'kyena;
N. k.'ë'kyena, many on log; G.
goā'kyena, to sit on long object.

(2) — flat object, N. ō'tsuē; k:ā'sɛltsuē, to walk —; goā'tsaoas, settee; H. ō'tsoa; tōtsoa', to walk over plank; goā'tsoa, to sit on plank; goā'tsāitl, to sit on bed in house; G. k:ā'ltsoa, to walk on plank.

— (3) — round object, **N**. ōk'unē. — (4) — a pile (on surface),

H.—tlala; dlā/qolailela, to stand on planks; goā/latlela, to sit on planks.

once, L. ne'mp'ana.

one, N. nemō'k'; Nemō'kuis, the only one; Nemō'kyustâlis; the only one who came up out of ground; H. men; G. nōq; misk'em, one round object; mitsq, — long object; me'n-

Eqtla, - cup; mentsq, twenty (one man).

one another, N. G. -ap; N. makā'p, to throw -; G. alqa'p, to kill -.

one eyed, H. k'oa'qstō.

only, N. ō'ma.

open, N. ak:-; ak:stâ'la, open box; ak ā'tla, open mouth; a'k ētl, open mouth in house; aqstū't, to open.

opposite, N. -kyut ; nEqkyū'tis, the one - outside; negkyū'ta, rocky place (-a, stone); nEqkyū'titl, - in house; kwakyū'tis, the shorter one of two points at mouth of river; L. pe'nkyutagstē, chin (= below opposite mouth); ē'kyut'ēqstēn, palate (= above opposite mouth); heitlkyuttsäna, right hand (=right opposite hand); K.'omkyū'tis, rich one opposite on land; H. -kot; hai'tlkotlna, right side of body; hai'tlkotkyanē, right hand; G. -kyut, âdzkyut, left side.

orator, G. ha'tleqteqs.

ornament of ear, H. mo'koato, distr. mu'mkoatō (- ato, ear; mok, - tied (?)).

other side of, L. N. apsūt, -sūt; k oi'sut, far other side.

otter, L. Tl. qu'mti, H. k'u'la; G. kutlsk''ē'qta; H. ky'ā'ma, young.

overhanging, N. tla'k.'anuk.

our. N. sins.

outside, N. H. -us, is; N. beg'u's, man in forest; aq'a'lkus, blood on ground outside; H. tlo'k 'us, country bare of plants; N. H. - lis, Els; N. tu'qwuls, to jump upon ground outside; kuī'-Hals, to fall -; d'ape'ls, to flood ground; L. la'wils, outside; part of, N. -k'tis.

tsEqtsEtk oa'ls, swamp; H. d'ōk'olisEla, to look out of house; k'usE'ls, wolf.

out of, L. N .- otlt ; lo'otlto, to go out of canoe; k'o'qotltsut, to take off blanket; H. - ötltsoa; tqö'tltsoa, to jump -; so'ilisot, to take out of box; gyaq'otltsoa, to come -.

outside of house, H. G. -aqsē; ts'oa'qsē, heraldic column; gōa'qsē, to sit -; G. gōa'qsē, to sit -; ky'ā'taqsüt, to paint -.

outside of whole body, N. ō'gwitaē. outstretched legs, N. ilē'is (=Cormorant Island).

over, N. -tlanē; k·ā'tsētlanē, to walk over log; G. -tlna; k'a'tlna, to walk over log.

owl, H. ththni.

P.

paddle, L. sīwā'iō, H. g'āu'ma. to paddle, L. N. sē'quit; N. hē'menatlen sē'qoa, I always —; H. g'āu'sa.

pain ceases, N. o'mat'et.

to paint, L. ky'ā'ta; ky'ā'taiō, brush, pencil; H. ky'ā'ta; ky'ā't'ēnoq, painter; ky'ā'tagsūt, to paint outside of house; ky'a'tlsemt, to - outside of house; ky'ā'tgyōt, - inside of box.

paint, white for face, L. k'uE'q.

- red for face, L. k'ums, gums.

- black for face, H. ts'o'tsEtlEmk. palate, L. ē'kyutēqstēn (= above opposite mouth).

palm of hand, H. pāk 'atlkya'nē (-kyanē, hand).

panther, L. mami's, K. bete', H. nātl'ai'a, G. mavā's.

parents of twins, N. yikwi'tl.

- participle, N.—sō;—suē, the one, who—.
- ---- passive, --k'; k'a'mgyik', bitten; hamaā'k', eaten.
- parting of hair of woman, L. kH'e'-Hita; H. k'aqtpa'ls.
- pirtridge, L. k'uku'm.
- to pass by, to go past, N. lā'k'a (la—, to go; —k'a, reaching toward); ts'ē'k'oē, passage.
- passage where travelers meet, N. kyi'mk'it.
- past, N. —tēis; quā'kunatēis, broken canoe; H. —ōtltē; gyil'okō'tlē, broken canoe.
- P'ā'tsis, name of place.
- to pay, L. k·ō'na.
- to peel off cedar bark, L. A. si'nga.
- pelvis bone, H. kwā'kōlEqtlē (—qtlē, hind).
- pencil, L. ky'ā'taiō (= painting instrument).
- penis, N. ōqsak·ā'oē; mōqsak·ā'oē, with tied —.
- people, L. bā'k'um, H. bEguā'num;
 N. —ënoq; Tlask''ē'noq, people of ocean; mā'q'ēnoq, pursuing secretly; H. ha'lq'ēnoq, murderer; H. —itq, K'ō'k'aitq, Wītlē'tq.
- perfect, real, N. aowī'la, rough sea; G. awī'kyala, correct language.
- perforation, N. H. koa—; L. koa's-koanē, of ear; koa'witlpē, of nose (—itlpē, nose); H. koa'koathoa, of ears (—athoa, ear); koa'koitlpa, of nose.
- pestle, H. mekoā'iō.
- pillow, L. k·ē'i'nūtl, H. k·ai'nōtl.
- pine, L. qā'qumis (—mis, tree), A. ā'nнit.
- pipe, L. H. wā'q'atsē (= smoke receptacle), G. k'a'k'patsē (k'ak'pa, smoke).
- pipe stem, L. tlā'noē, H. qtlqta'ē (—qta'ē, mouth).

- to pity, N. waiatihītentla'soq, I him; wā'iatigyilak', not pity-ing any one.
- place, N. —lis; iuā/lis, where always wind.
- M. —us, as, —las; k·ē'us, wash line (drying place); kH'ē'tōkwas, grassy —; k·ō'lselas, where always feasts are given; sakwa's, cutting place; gy'ō'lōtas, porpoise place; goā'tsaoas, settee (sitting on place); H. legui'las, fire —; alāea's, graveyard; G. tl'ē'las, store (selling place); ku'l'īlas, bed (sleeping —).
- —— **N**. —at ; ts'ē'kuat, egg island.
- H. —ēles ; tlēaē'les, store.
- H. —ā'sē, tlq'ēā'sē; hanēa'sē s gy'iloa, place of canoes in woods; gy'iloaaia'sē, — of canoes on beach.
- H. ēnoq; koē'saēnoq, where always snow; iōlaēnoq, where always wind.
- where always something happens,
 tems, N. k·oū'iastems, where always whales; gyū'qtems, village site; k·uī'lastems, feasting place; hä'k·oqtems, fighting place; G. —tema; gyū'qtema, village site.
- to plait a braid, L. k'a'sk'Elqtlē, H. k''ā'tla.
- platform of canoes, H. hā'wanak'k'.

 ---- of house, L. pā'ēitl, H. chsauaī'tl (--itl, in house).
- to play, N. a'mtla; hamā'tlâla, women —.
- point, —pa; N. wī'tlpa, lance; Ts'i'lkyEmpa, feathers on top; mō'mēqpa, white headed; gua'-pē, lowest house on river; mā'qpē, end; awi'tlpē, of land; ōpē, point; mā'tilpē, point of Mā'-tagyila; aihpa, sharp —; iē'ihpa,

dull (= bad point); k'ō'mpigyilis, richest in land; gyō'k'opasila, house at point; ē'igyispalis, sand point; H. kcō'mpa-ut, to break off—; tlE'nk oitlpa, point of nose; hā'ntlEmpa,
— of arrow; goa'pa, to sit on—;
se'msemspa, Sisiutl (= mouth
at both ends); G. ssī'hpa, sharp;
paspe'luqpa, dull.

poison, N. wä'lagyila(in song = making people die), A. H. au'qsōlē.

pole, —pek; N. iau'apek; mast

(= wind pole); sentlē'pek;
flag staff; ts'ē'qpek; dancing
pole; moqpek; heraldic column

(= tie pole, — to which blankets
are tied); ha'mspek; hamats'a
pole; H. yai'uaspek; mast

(= wind pole).

pole for roasting salmon, H. tl'ō'msanō.

- of tent, H. tl'ā'qsem.

poor, N. wa'natle.

porcupine, N. mē'Hitē, H. nût, G. nūlā'k'amē (= greatest fool).

porpoise, N. gy'ō'lōt; gy'ō'lōtas, — place; H. tl'ā'tlela, G. gyi'titl.

post of house, L. tlām, H. ts'ō'wītl (-itl, in house).

- carved, H. ts'iHtsoē'tl.

potato, L. k'as.

potlatch, L. N. iä'k'oa; iä'k'ola, what is given in—; IIäaqk'olā'-tlemēk'a, woman always giving away presents in potlatch; hä'qk'olatl, always distributing blankets; p'asa', to distribute blankets; p'asa'gyila, to make potlatch; p'ē'p'āyala, to promise to distribute blankets; mā'qoa (in songs), to give ten blankets to each guest; mā'qoagyila, to give a feast during which ten blankets are given each guest; mā'qola-

gyilis, māqsistā'lisa, to give ten blankets to each person of all tribes of the world; tla'qolelem, to give feast during which twenty blankets are given to the opposite gens; wā'lasīla (= to make great), to give feast during which fifty blankets are given to guests; la'qt'ūt, to give a feast to the opposite gens; la'qt'otpes, one who always -; mā'lē (obsolete), to distribute blankets; hana'lagyilatl, always distributing blankets; ama'qut, to give away copperplates or other objects, a mile of objects; ama'qulatl, always giving -; H. iā'Ha, potlatch; tloola'qa, - dance; tli-E'nq, time of -; Tl. k uitla'qalus, potlatch.

potlach, notice to friends that a potlatch will be given, N. tle'lala, H. tlea'la.

— invitation to potlatch, L. N. tlē'la, H. tlē'tla.

powder, L. ts'ō'laiō.

to praise, N. ā'miaqa; ā'miaqēt, the one praised; H. k'antsamiqala'soē, God (= our praised one); N. tselō'k'a (see Famous).

precious, N. k.'ai'uq.

to pretend, N. — būtla; hamā/būtlen, I — to eat; mē'qabūtlen, I — to sleep.

pretty, N. aikyā'oē (= good forehead); G. aikh s beguā'num, a — man.

puffin, H. ōwī'tlpa (—itlpa, nose). to pull, L. kh'i'mihit.

to pull canoe into water, L. wī'Quit, H. tluqstā'ūt (—sta, water; —ut, v. a.).

to pull out from among, N. neq'akâ'la (—ak'a, among).

to pull out hair, L. k'ula'; k'ulai'ō, tongs.

pupil of eye, L. ts'ā'ts'olik', H. rafters, L. pu'qbala, H. ōwau'tlt'a bā/koanemstoa (= man in eye). purpose, N. hē'numa; -numa; k·'āk·otlā/numa, I come to learn. to pursue, L. k.ā/k·ēnit.

--- secretly, N. mā'qa; mā'q'ēnoq, killer whale (= knowing to -). pus, L. tl'op.

to push canoe into water, H. tlysta'ūt (-sta, water).

to push canoe ashore, H. tlqsiali'sa, tlqsia'ūt.

to put, N. muqtsa'la, - round thing into box (muq-, round thing; -tså, into; -la, v.); muqwi'lsela, - round thing outside on ground; sen'ātlts'ūt, ky'atsâ'la, - long thing into box; leq'a'tltsūt, to - blanket into box; H. gyetsoa'la, something long that has been - into box.

to put on blanket, N. k.'oqtsa'la, H. k·ō/tiH'it.

- hook into water, L. ts'E'qstEnt.

Q.

Qā'ēgaes, name of tribe. Qā'isla, name of tribe. Qō'ēas, N. name of extinct tribe. quail, Tl. kui'lkau. quartz, A. N. qū'ēla. quick, L. hā'nakuë, H. hālakyelak's; hā'lakela, to work -; hē'hala, to walk -; i'Ha, fast. quiet, N. tenu'lk oatla, omatatla'la.

quilt, H. mākhia'. quiver, H. hā'ntlematsē (= arrow receptacle).

quotative, N. -lawē.

R.

raccoon, L. Tl. N. H mā'yus; Nuqnēmis name, māyusosta'layilak'; A. kuē'k 'qt.

(running from ridge to side walls), kajiaa'us (running lengthwise, horizontally over the last named).

rain, L. H. G. iū'koa; H. iūkuē'noq, rainy country; iūkoaila, it is raining.

rainbow, L. aai'Htlala, H. minsa'k'. to raise, L. tla'H'it.

herring rake, L. tletai'ō.

rapids, L. ts'ā'la.

rattle, L. N. Tl. H. ia'tEn ; N. kuā'gaten, tlokoala rattle.

raven, L. N. k.oa/wina; k.oe/k.uaqala, raven's cry; H. go'e, G. gā'aq; N. lē'labalis, flying from one end of world to the other; le'wagyila, heaven maker.

to reach towards, N. H. -ka; N. lā/k·a, to go past; k·oā/k·a, to surpass; kyi'mk'a, to meet; H. koē'k'a, to look along; tse'k'a, to throw toward; tsek-a'nut, to throw at -.

to reach, N. k.'o'tis, reaching to earth.

real, N. H. -kyas; N. gyilemkyas, really feared; he'meskyas, real chief; beguā'numkyasö, - man; ku'nquakyasö, what a thunder! H. k.'e'kyas, large.

receptacle, L. N. H. G. -atsē; L. N. wā'qatsē, pipe; mena'tsē, drum; nā'k'atsē, bucket; ts'Epa'tsē, small dish; N. ā'watsē, foam place; k.'o'latse, wooden kettle; H. hā'ntlematsē, quiver; sīwa'tsē, nest; k'Elqaila'tsē, nest : dā'dōk ola'tsē, armpits ; të'qatse, bladder; ku'ë'patse, large blanket basket; tengua'tsē, grease box; kh'ElgsEma'tsē, white - blanket box; okwala'tse, woman's working box; mEna'tsē, drum; ts'Epa'tsē, dish; gy'āHtlalō'tatsē, kettle; G. k'a'k patsē, pipe; gyčha'tsē, wooden kettle; gy'āntlalō'tatsē, kettle.

to recover one's property, N. ē'toqa.

red, L. N. H. tlā'k'oa; L. tlā'k'oataē'kh, evening sky; tlā'qsem,
red blanket; H. tlā'oqstō, —
blanket; tlā'k'oēioa, red cedarbark head ring (—ēioa, forehead); tlak'qā'oa, red cedar-bark
neck ring (—qāoa, neck); tlā'k'ōtas, alder; G. tlā'qstō, red
blanket; L. N. A. tlā'k'oa,
copper.

relatives, L. tlâ/la, L. N. nātlemwīwut.

— L. N. H. — Emp; gāge'mp, granôfather; negu'mp, fatherin-law; L. N. ape'mp, mother; õmp, father; gy'imp, sister-in-law; H. āu'mp, father; qu'emp, uncle; G. — ap; gaga'p, grandfather; âpf, father.

refuse, **H**.—āoa; hāmasā'oa, rest of food; k'ōk'oakā'oa, chips (= refuse of chopping); kēkēqā'oa, saudust;—qtlēe (hind part (?)); ha'mts'aqtlē'e, rest of food.

to return, L. ē'tsecta; N. k'antlogyiaqa'la, when I return (old form); k'antlōgyiaqē'ılētō (new form).

to take revenge, L. k.'esē'tō.

rib, **L**. **N**. k'E'lEm, **H**. hä'kya (—kya, back (?)).

rich, N. k'ā/yamala; k'ō/matlan,

I am—; K'ō/mpīgyilis, richest
on earth; K'ō/mkyū/tis, the
richer one opposite; K'ōmkyū-tis,
ōmkili/kya, richest of all; K'ōmō/k'oa, rich; K'ōmena/kula,
getting rich; K'ōmōyuē, rich
one in middle; H. K'ōmhsiwa,
European (rich at mouth of
river (?)).

right, N. he'itlala, it is -; hē'ilkyut,

right side; hēilkyutlenūtlemē, right side of face; hēitlā/lit, to arrange bed; hē'iligyila, to cure, to mend; hēili'gya, shaman; H. hā'itlkōt, right side; hailē'tlatl, to cure; hailē'kya, shaman; G. hā'itlkyūt, right side; hailikyala, shaman.

right, it is not right, N. ō'tsatla. rim, N. H. ōē'sta (see Around).

— hollow rim of lid of box, N. hā'-lek'.

to rise, L. läq ai/kyēta kō'aнila, smoke rises (= goes up); кнаqpā/tla it, river --; N. lā'tuse'ā'gyilis, sun rises; A. toatuselā'gyilis, sun rises (see Down river).

river, N. H. wa, G. wap (= water).
road, L. t'ë'Hila; G. k''ā'tltōwa, to
walk on ---.

to roast salmon, H. tl'ō'pa; L. tl'ō'-puk', roasted salmon.

robin, N. Tl. H. ku'ltem.

to rock cradle, L. tē'kula.

rock, N. —a; wī'nak'oa, rocky place (see Stone).

roe (unlaid), L. H. d'E'lgyim (H. k''u'tE (?)).

--- (laid), H. d'asō'k.

salmon roe, L. k'ē'nī, H. kai'nē.

to roll up a thing, N. lē'k·oa, L. kH'i'lHSEmt (to wind a ball of string).

roof, L. sōō'k'.

roof boards, H. hā'was.

roots, N. L. tl'o'pikh, H. tl'o'kum.

— edible, **L**. mō't'aqsten, qā'tem (= meē'n, *Qatlōliq*), ts'ā'kyus; tliqsī'm, clover root; **A**. qō'kum, Indian rice; t'ō'qsōts.

rope of seaweed, H. sa'nap'at.

rope, L. ts'ā/ēqan, H. ts'ā/iq.

- large, heavy, N. ta'tuwigotl.

of cedar bark, L. mō'koanoē, H. milk'.

H. tl'o'kum (see Root).

— of cedar twigs, L. tle'nakya.
rough sea, N. p'ō'lēk'olā'mas, making sea rough; auwī'la; auwi-

lakyitlanuk, having rough weather and sea; H. tla'Qola.

to speak with rough voice, N. tla'lawulak'ula.

round, L. ki'lhsem, H. lo'qsem; lo'qsemītl, round thing on floor; N. mūk ola, moon (= round thing put down); pā'k aqtlēmō, round thing is in box.

- outside of round thing, -kam, -k'Em,-sem; L.penk'E'mHit, to look down (pen-, down; -k'Em, outside of round thing, face; -Hit, v.); ēikvak E'mHit, to look up; N. ö'sqemë, outside of round object; mamosk amee'nkoa, carrying four round ones; Aintsumsk amlitl, covered with haliotis in house; lo'semuit, to uncover face; kuā'kuqsem, biscuit; H. nask Emā'la, mountain with snow on top; ta/k·umt, to cover face; tl'a'sk am, front of box; o'sk ame, outside of round thing; ts'e'koisk'Em, wash bowl; goa'sk amils, to sit outside on round thing; tl'o'qsemla, mountain bare of plants; qau'semt, to wash canoe; alusimā'la, blood on a round thing.

to run, N. ts'aë'tlela, — into house;
H. gy'ëqsësta'la, — around
(—ista, around); gy'ë'qoalūt,
— towards.

— rwer, N. tsiнâ/la, H. tsē/неla.

S.

sacred object, N. k·ā/mina.
sad, L. tsiqe/la nâ/k·oē (=heart is
sich).

sail, L. iä'oapem, H. yai'uastem; yai'uatsk, — hoisted; G. yai'wadzem (from: wind).

saliva, L. wa'pētlaqō'ya (= water in mouth).

salmon, H. G. mëa'; H. mä'agyila, where always salmon; H. G. mamë'a, to catch —; H. mamë'asilas, where always houses on beach for catching salmon; N. mā'wa, salmon trap.

— dog salmon, L. k·oā/qnis; H. goā/qanis.

---- cohoes salmon, Tl. tsawu'n, G. tsū'En.

---- sockeye salmon, N. mētlī'k:.

— humpback salmon, N. G. ky'ā'pē.

— hooknose salmon, H. was, G. Huma'q'i.

to catch salmon, L. wā'yala.

salmon, split, L. t'ā'lek'.

—— dried, L. ky'ō'loq, H. qam'a's.

— roe, dried, H. k'akhk.

salmon berry bush, L. k''oâ'tlmis (—mis, tree).

salt, L. temsh; te'mp'a, salt taste (—p'a, taste).

sand, N. ēiky'ēs (=good beach); ēigyispālis (see Sea), sand point on beach; G. aigyitsuī's.

satisfied, N. me'ntlēē, H. pa'nk'la (see Stout).

to save, N. nā'la.

saw, **H**. kēqsēyāi'ō; kēq'ā'la, noise of —; kēkēqā'oa, sawdust.

to say, N. někhsewě'tikh, they — to me.

scalp, H. kunuqtle'e.

scar, L. k'oa —; k'oatē'oaē, — on forehead; k'oatsā'nē,— on hand; k'oate'miga, — on cheek.

- to scold, H. agya'qtala (—qta, seven, N. ā'tlibū, G. matlō's; masemouth). mō's, — round objects; mats-
- to scratch, L. tlā/qa, t'āt'i'qtsānak (—tsāna, hand).
- sea, L. H. temsq, G. demqs (?), L. aō'waky (foam (?)).
- —— in sea, —is; N. tsā'ēk'is, secret in water; k''ā'mis, crab; H. ia'knis, monster —; k'a'lkuntsis, body on bottom of sea.
- on sea, N. —tlë; nak ō'yuitlē, middle of something on sea.
- sea egg, large, L. mesë'k', H. ts'e-kuī'tsë.
- small, L. Tl. H. ā'mtem.
- seal, L. N. mē'kuat, ditr. mē'emkoat; mēmē'koatk', eating —; A. H. G. sāgu'm.
- young, L. khe'miastō, H. wulē'q.
- sealion, L. N. G. tlē'qēn, H. mau'akya; mau'akyahtem, sealion island.
- young, H. k'ta.
- sea monster, H. hā'nak'atsē (= canoe receptacle).
- sea otter, N. H. k''ā/sa; N. k''ā/sasqEm, — blanket; H. k''āk'ā/sōtl, — blanket; G. a'ng usta.
- young, H. tsī'sa.
- sea mail (holothuria), Tl. H. ā'las. sea weed, dried, H. tlk''ast.
- to search among, **H.** lē'lt'ak'a (—ak'a, among).
- secret, N. ts'ē'k'a.
- to see, N. dö'k'oala; d'ö'qtsas, seer (shaman seeing soul of dying person); G. dö'k'ula; H d'ö'k'la.
- self torture ceremonial, N. hawinā'tl.
- to sell, N. la'qōyō, la'qūt; laqōta'iō, something sold.
- semiliquid, L. k'E'nkya.
- to send, H. ia'pa.
- settee, N. goā'tsoas (= sit in place).

- seven, N. ā'tlibū, G. matlō's; masemō's, — round objects; matsk·ō's, — long objects; matlqtlā'us, — cups.
- seventeen, G. matlâ'sgīu.
- seventy, G. matlpenkyask·'ā'pōpena.
- to sew. L. k.'ā'na; k.'ā'naiō, thread; H. g'a'na; g'anama'las, thread. shadow, L. gyagū'mas.
- shaft of double headed harpoon, H. mā'siūtl.
- to shake, v. a., L. iā'winelitl, qoā'yusela, N. k'uā'yakula(—akula. motion (?)); nā'natlis, shaking his greatness (song).
- ——, N. —ніla, —ниla; yā'iawiнila, yā'wiнila, shaking himself (host at tsētsā'ēk'a).
- shaman, N. Tl. paqa'la, L. N. nau'alak', hē'ilikya (only when conjuring disease = mender), H. tsā'ēk'a, hailē'kya, G. hailigyila.
- shame, H. mā'nts'a.
- shark, H. k.oa/k.oina.
- sharp, L. ā'інра (= good point), G. ssi'нра.
- to sharpen, L. t'e'H'it.
- sheets, L. wā'taiō, H. k·'ō'k·oēgya (-ēgya, back).
- shellfish, H. kyāoē'k'am.
- shinbone, N. —p'ēkyē, ō'p'ēkyē; k''ōk'oqp'ē'kyē, knot on lower part of tree (see Leg below knee).
- shirt, L. k.'Esenā'ē.
- shoe, L. t'ē'paiō, H. k'ē'naq.
- to shoot, L. hā'ntlitl, G. hā'ntla; hā'ntlem, arrow gun.
- shore, far from —, L. tlä'tlasatl (see Ocean).
- to go close to shore, L. lā'gyilis (= to go landward).
- short, N. tse'kua; tsekuā'la, short river; ts'ë'tsakuila, to shorten life; L. tsekue'qst, a — man;

tsu'qpitũ, short (—pitũ, small); **H.** ts'Ek'; qā'pHō, a — man; **N.** nEmā'lis, short lived.

shoulder, L. tlā/stlalē, H. G. ō/quīna. shoulder-blade, L. pā/lōts, H. tlā/k.'oten.

to show one's teeth, L. Hī's'it.
to shred cedar bark. A. tsqa.
a shrew, H. tlHsEla'k's (k's, woman).
to shut door, L. kh'e'minit.

sick, N. L, ts'ē'нila; ts'ē'нila nâ'k оё, heart sick = sad; ts'ēnā'tōla, ear is -; ts'intsâla, headache (= sick inside); te'E'qk'an hēmenatlama, I am continually sick; ts'Eqk'E'lkEn, ts'Eqk'a'pesen, I am often sick; H. tl'oqoa/la; tl'oqoatoa/la, ear is —; tl'oqoetl'aqaua'le, mouth inside -; 11'oqk ea'le, head -; tl'oqoetlpe'le, nose -; tl'oqoma'lē, face —; tl'oqstoa'lē, eye -; tl'oqoaqa'ola, throat -; tl'ogoaskyenā'la, neck near nape -; tl'oqëioa/la, forehead -; tloqoaqtlali's Ela, inside belly -; tloqoapo'ala, on chest -; tloqoala'so, in chest -; tl'oqta'la, mouth -; tl'oqoana'la, all over -; tloqoa'la s gyi'lem, tongue -; G. ia'kH.

sick eye, N. g'ogumē'k Eno.

side of a thing, ō'nutsē; ā'tlanutsē, one behind the other; H. asā'nōtseqtlē, leg above knee (side of hind part).

— N. önutlemāla; hēilkyötlenūtlemē, right side of face; guā/nutlemē, sitting at side of —; gyögyokönutlemala, house on each side of —; gyö'gykönutlemala, something — —.

side of a flat thing = edge, H. onage'.

sinew, L. H. ad'E'm. to sing for pleasure, L. sā'lala, H. nē'nōya, **G**. hā'na; ha'nqto'a, — while walking.

to sing to dance, N. de'nqela, L. k.'E'mten (?).

singing master, N. nā/k·at, dâ/k·ola, H. hā/hts'as, distr. haiā/hts'as; the three assistants of singing master, N. guā/nutlemē (= sitting at side).

to sink angle, L. ts'E'qstEnta k'ē'taiō. river sinks, L. kyō'tla.

Sintlaë, N. ancestor of a gens; sintlë'k am, face of —; sintlë'pek, flagstaff.

sinus of hair, H. tsī'kyE.

Sr'siutl, fabulous double-headed snake, N. H. si'siūtl, H. se'msemspa (= mouth at each end). sister calls sister, L. N. nemē'mak'as (—k'as, woman), H. menū'yak's (—k's, woman).

sister, elder, L. N. H. G. nō'la.

— younger, L. N. H. G. ts'ā'ya.
brother calls sister, L. N. H. G. wa'k'oa.

sister-in-law, N. H. gy'imp.

to sit, N. H. G. goa-; N. goa'qsala, - in canoe; goā'goagyilitl, - in middle of house; goā'nē, - in corner of house; goā'goagilēlas, sitting down in house without back support; goā'tsaoas, settee; goā'nutlemē, sitting along side; H. goā'tsāitl, - on bed; goa'sk amith, - inside a thing; goagoa'k itl, - on top of; goa'tsoa, - on flat thing; goā'latla, to sit on planks; geā'latlela, sitting down on chair, on planks; goa'qtoa, - on top, point of a thing; goā'pa, — on point, front end; goala', — on stone; goā'gyena, — on long thing; goaū'ioa, — on point of a thing; goa'qtlae, - on hind end; goa'qtis, - on beach; goa'sk'amils, — on round thing outside; goa'luqtlēas, — on roof; goā'qs, — in canoe; goa'HtEma, settee; goa'qsē, — outside of house; G. goa'itl, — in house; goa'qtoa, — on top of, on point; goa'kyena, — on long object; goa'sk'am s t'ē'sEm, — on stone; goa'ītlōwa, — under cover.

siv, G. k'Etlō'q; k'Etla'sk'Em, round ones; k'Etla'tsq, — long ones; k'Etlā'iqtla, — cups.

sixteen, G. k.'a'tlagiu.

sixty, G. k'atlapenk'ā'pōpena. skales, H. gau'm.

skillful boatbuilder, H. ā'tl'Eskiö.

skin, L. N. tl'es; tl'e'siape, - of upper part of arm; tl'ē'tsēpoē, - of chest; tl'ē'tsEqtlē, - of crown of head; tl'e'seme, - of face; tl'ē'tsitlpē, - of nose; tl'esī'ue, - of forehead; tl'e'tsane, - of hand; tl'etsetlqā'oe, - of inside of mouth; tl'e'tsEqstē, - of mouth; H. k'u'tsE; k'uk'uskyā'nē, — of hands; k'utsemē'kyē, — of back; k'u'smē, — of face; k'utsikyatlkya'nē, - of back of hand; k'uk'utsēā'pē, -- of upper part of arms; k'uk'usqtā'mō, - of legs above knee; k'utsēpo'a, - of chest; k'uk'utsī'tsa, - of feet; N. k'utâ'otl, skin blanket; G. tl'ēs. - of heels, H. amea'tltsītsē.

to skin, L. sa'p'a.

skull, L. qā'uik'.

skunk, H. ia'qp'ala (= bad smell).

sky, N. lö'ua, nā'la; nēnā'lanuk, changing (having) weather; H.

slabs of wood sewed to hand of havinatl, N. sē'quitem.

slave, L. N. k·'ā/kyū, H. k·'ā/kō, G. k·'ā/hō; N. k·'ak·akuistā/lista, making slaves all around. slave, a whole tribe enslaved, N. ē'iatl-Ela (in song).

to sleep, L. N. mē'q'it; mēqabū'tlen, I pretend to —; ky'ē'sen mē'q'ēqsta, I do not want to —; H. gy'ā'tla; gy'atlē'qstē, wanting to —; G. ku'l'itl; ku'l'īlas, bed. sling, Tl. ye'nkh'aiō.

slow, L. ōya; H. G. wē'Hala (= not fast), to walk —; auā'kya, to work —.

small, N. L. amä'e; ama'enqē, smallest (= edge of small); amā'pitō, small; amamēmenē'q, small things (—menēq, small distr.).

—— s., —pitō; **N**. tsuqpitō, short; gyōkpitū, — house.

— distr., —menēq: N. gyökmenēq, — houses; Quākunamenē'q, — boats.

smallest, —Enqē (= edge); ama'-Enqē, smallest; ts'ētsēqk'E'nqē, — dancers.

smallpox, N. tlema'ē (= boil), ia'-khim (cause of evil).

to smell, L. mē'sela; N. aihp'ala, good—; H. aihp'ala is wē'sum, good smelling man; ia'hp'ala, skunk (= bad smell); ua'qp'ala, — of smoke; G. hu'mk'ata.

smoke, L. N. koahī'la; Kuahilanō'-kumē, who has most smoke (i.e., always giving feasts); H. ua'-qela; ua'qpis, smoker; ua'qp'-ala, smell of —; uaqoaqtoa, smoking in walking; uaqoaqā'qtis, smoking on beach; uaqa'tsē, pipe; G. k'ak'pa, to smoke; k'ak'paqtoa, — in walking; k'ak'patsē, pipe.

— hole, **L**. qsâtla, **H**. waqa'wa. smooth; **N**. k·ē'tsis, — beach; k·ē'tsītl, — house floor.

snail, L. k·oā/ts/ek·, H. k'oā/tas. snake, L. N. sē'itlem; sē'ilis, — in k'oa.

to sneeze, L. ashī'sit.

to snore, L. qE'nt'āla.

to snow, L. H. G. k'uē'sa; H. k'uē'sainog, where it is always snowing.

snow (on ground), L. G. ne'e, H. nā'ē; nask'emā'la, mountain with snow on top.

soft, L. tElk'.

sole of foot, H. t'e'pem.

solemn, N. beku'm; Bē'bekumlisila, making solemn in house.

something in eye, N. gyīstö'ē.

son (see Child), H. hau'ltse, only -; wala'qtle, youngest - (-qtle, hind); no'lak amē, eldest -; g'au'ioa, second ---.

- chief's eldest son, N. tleo'lEk amē.

son-in-law, L. negu'mp.

song, N. ts'ē'k ala, winter song (= Tsētsā/ēk a, noise); baquyala, summer song (= Ba'qus noise); k'a'mtem; tsā'qatla, - in quick measure.

soring, N. k'anä'tla.

sorcery (see To bewitch).

soul, N. begua'ē, beg'una'ē (beg-, man).

sour, N. sā'k'a, H. ts'ē'qp'a (-p'a, taste).

span, L. pātl, H. op'E'nkH.

spark, L. anopē'q'it, H. pē'gyak ala.

- spark spirits, N. menak itl.

- to emit sparks, L. tle'msa.

sparrowhawk, H. t'i'Htēgus.

to speak, male, N. bā'guala, H. G. bgua'la (= man's noise); bgo'pes, good speaker.

-, female, N. G. k'ā'kyala, H. k·kvala (= woman's noise); k·kyapē's, good speaker.

- N. iā'k·'antal; iā'k·'ēgyatlela, to deliver oration; iā'k.'antēnog, orator.

belly; H. sī'tlem, G. k'a'k'el- to speak with rough voice, N. tlā'lawulak ula.

> good of one, N. ai'Hp'agsta (aiH, good; -p'a, taste; -qsta, mouth (?)); iā'qp'aqsta, to bad of one.

- N. hā'sak'awasuē, trying to speak loud; ēiwa'la, to speak about one's wishes (song).

to spear, L. sēkya'.

75

spider, L. yī'k'a. A. H. hāuma'ga. spike (of spruce, etc.), A. kh'ā'mamō, H. mamē'Em.

to spin, L. me'ta, N. k'Emk'a'.

spindle, N. Hi'lp'agsto.

to spit, L. kuī'e'it.

to split, N. kuē'q'it, kuā'qsant.

- wood, N. tle'mH'it, H. koā'k :--; koak 'tā' maluk, splint in thigh.

- canoe splits, N. hō'uqoa.

- cedar bark, L. pE'q'it, A. pā'sa. - salmon, L. t'ā'lēk', H. ky'ē'a.

spoon, N. ts'ē'qtla, large -; H. g'ōtai'ō, - made of mountain goat; ky'ā'tsenak; tsyā'laiō, large —; G. hamdsai'ō (= eating instrument).

spring of water, L. ts'E'tHEla.

- of year, H. G. wīā'gyīoa.

to spudder, L. tseo'quit.

squid, N. t'a'k oa; k'ak ō'mis, - in cheek; t'ā'ēk'ōtl, where squids are eaten; H. tk.oa.

- sp. (?), N. ky'i'nut.

squirrel, L. tamī'nas, Tl. māl, H. tsā/mi.

to stand up, N. dlā'uis; dlask amā'tlin, I - facing sea; dla'witl, - in house; dla'qoe, proper place of each gens in feast; H. dlaau's, - outside; dla'qolatlela, - on top of a long thing; dla'. auwitl, - in house.

to stay at home, N. nek'a'; nek'e's. always -; Nak o'mgyilisila, always staying in their own country. star, L. t'ō't'ō; amā'qemis is t'ō't'ō, shooting —; H. t'ō'tōa, G. Hī-Hik Edzō'a.

starfish, L. N. k. ātsk.

steady. L. t'ā'aq.

to steal, N. L. gyilō'tla; L. gyilō'tlik', thief; N. gyilō'tlē,—on sea.

steamer, N. hē'k ayala, H. Qu'ltēala (= fire inside).

to steer, H. tla'lanila; L. tlin'it,
— canne, pressing paddle from
canne; tlō'k'umn, — pressing
paddle towards canne.

stem of canoe, L. â'kyiūē.

to step on something, N. t'ë'patla.

stepchild, L. k oao (?), N. wawa.

stepmother, H. ā'patsō.

stern of canoe, **L**. **N**. \bar{o} 'qtl \bar{e} (= hind part).

stick for spreading salmon, H. tla'-

"stick shoe," N. k. 'a'k anās.

stomach, L. nā'k'apoē, H. pō'qums.
stone, L. N. H. G. t'ē'sum; N. t'ē'sumtses, made of —; t'ē'sumgyilak', made —.

— N. H. —a; N. neqkyū'ta, opposite rocky place; kyā'k'a, founded on stone; nemō'k'oa, alone on rock; wī'nakua, rocky place; H. goala', to sit on —.

 to stop a water course, N. tsū'pa; tsātsūpatsī'waē, stopped mouth of river.

store, H. tlēaē'les (=buying house); tlē'ilks, storekeeper; G. tl'ē'las, tl'ē'lgis, storekeeper.

. stores of dry salmon, L. hēitlē'laiö.

story, N. nū'yam, distr., nū'nim; nū'qnēmis, name of all animals in myths.

stout, L. pentlē'is.

straight, L. N. nek a'la; nek ā'qala, slow measure rhythm (= straight down); H. k ē'inakula, straight aheud; N. hayim (in song). strait, H. wunā't'hus.

strap of basket, L. k'a'tlin, H tena'qōtl.

to strike with fist, N. mih'ī't; mihstēk'E'mt, — face; mìh'ī'kyent, — back; mi'hila, drummer; H. mēha'; mihptā'ut, to bend by striking with fist; G. mihi'lis, drummer.

---- against, N. t'iH'ā'tlEla.

— H. a'lqa, G. alqa; alqa'p, — one another.

- with palm, H. tlā'sa.

— a dog, **H**. watsē'la.

— with hammer, **H**. mōkoa' (see To bend).

strong, L. N. tlö'k'uimis; tlö'kum, cause of strength; G. tlöQ.

sturgeon, Tl. hā'nak'ois, H. k·'tā'is. to suck, H. tsā'ma; tsā'mamis, to suckle.

sugar, L. ē'kyisilā.

summer, L. hē'ianq, H. G. hāi'nq (— anq, time of).

sun, L. tlē'sEla, N. ā'ta, —as deity; H. G. tlē'Hsioala.

sunrise, N. tōatuselagyilis; H. latuselagyilis (= goes down river on earth); G. k·'ēkyō'ia.

sunset, L. lā'pēta, G. lā'is.

superlative, L. N. H. G. —k'amē; N. ī'hak'amē, fastest; gyē'k'amē, greatest chief; nō'lok'emaē, greatest fool; nō'lasnek'emae, eldest child; nemō'k'oak'amē, all alone on rock; H. nō'lak'amē, eldest child.

supernatural, N. H. tlōkoa'la.

to support, N. tlā'tela (= to make stand); tlā'lamin, supporter.

surface of sea, N. H. —tlē; dlaskamā'tlin, I stand facing sea; gyilō'tlē, to steal on sea; tlatlasik ō'tlikh, here is a canoe with Tlatlasik oala (—kh, present; —tlē, on sea); H. kauk oansela'k·tle, canoe drifting to and fro; mā'tlēla, to swim; G. hanēilwa'paqē, canoe on water.

to surpass, N. k. a'k.'a.

to swallow, N. nek'olā'laqōm; nek'-E'k', swallowed (= eclipse of sun); H. k''u'nquit.

swamp, L. tseqtsek oa'ls (—als, out-side), na'hila.

sweat, N. k·ō/sa; H. k·ō/Hpis, sweat-ina.

to sweep, H. ky'ē'tla.

sweet, **L.** Tl. aihp'a (= good taste). sweetheart, **L.** wā'tela.

when always high swell, H. t'ō'qElis.

to swim, N. mā; L. mā'nakula

(= fish motion); L. tE'msēlaiō

(?); H. mā'tlela (man, = swiming on surface); mamā'lama,
children trying to swim; H.
k'ola'la (fish), G. k'oā'la (fish).

T.

tail of quadruped, L. hats'E'qstēe (-qstē, bottom), H. ha'ts'iqtē (-qtē, bottom); N. nū'naqstē, - of wolf (= wolf's end).

— of bird, **H.** nā'kyaqtlaē (—qtlaē, hind).

— of fish, L. ts'ā'snē, H. ts'anē't.
— of whale, H. t'ēk'aqtē'; white tailed fox, mō'k''uqt (= white tailed); A. kuē'qt, raccoon.

to take, N. aq'ë't.

tall, L. gyi'ltEqst (gyi'la, — long), H. noā'kila.

tallow, N. k'ā'tsek; H. tl'ā'tai, gō'-luk', — of mountain goat.

taste, N. H. —p'a; G. N. aihp'a, sweet; L. tE'mp'a, salt; H. ts'ē'qp'a, sour —.

tear, L. koā'kuistoē; tsē'tsāokula, to weep.

to tease, N. më'itla.

to tell, L. nē'tlasō; — myths, N. nō'sa.

temples, pElnūtlemā/ē (= thin side of face), **H.** pā'spelē' (see Ear).

ten, G. k''ā'pō; k''ā'p'usk'em, —
round ones; k''ē'putsq, — long
ones; k'āpō s beguā'num, two
hundred.

thick, L. wok.

thief, L. gyil'o'tlik'.

thin, L. pe'lpītō (—pītō, small); k·ā'tläis (person).

things lying about, L. t'ā't'its, H. mamē'kyas.

to think, L. gyë'gyëk a.

thirsty, L. nā'k''ēqst (= wanting to drink), H. tsō'sētlqta (= dry mouth), G. tsō'sEms, nā'k'abū.

thirteen, G. yūduqgī'ū.

thirty, G. yūduQpenk·'ā'popena.

thorn, N. k.'a'k'anē.

thou, **L N**. sō'wa, yūtl; **H**. k'qsō, k'qsoā'ēoa; **G**. yi'qsō.

thread, L. k'ā'naiō (= sewing instrument), H. g'a'nEma'las.

three, G. yūdu'Q; yūdu'QsEm, round ones; yudū'tsq, — long ones.

thrice, N. yū'duqp'ana.

throat, H. k.'u'nkoas (see Neck).

through, H.—sīoa; tosī'oa, to jump—; lagsī'oa, to go—; magsō't, to throw—.

to throw, N. mā/k·a; mak·ā/p,—one another; mak·ʾā/iō, stick of shaman for throwing (—ing, instrument), mā/mak·a, trying to—; maq'ē't, to drop; H. maqsū't, to—through; maqsō'stūt,—up; maqtlā/lisa,—into fire; mā/k·ʾak·a,—among; mak·a/neqant,—along; ma/qautlts'ōt,—out of; ma/qtsōt,—into; mak·a/qōt,—down; G. mā/quit.

— into canoe, N. lekyå's; la'lakyutsē, throwing every one into canoe.

- to throw, "to throw song out of canoe,"
 k 'amt' Emō'tltūt (k 'ā'mt Em,
 song; —ōtlt, out of canoe; —ut,
 v. a.), (i. e., a singer in the
 canoe which goes to a feast greets
 the host with a song).
- into water, H. Huē'tltaut (man, animal), ts'aqsta'ūt (a stone, —sta, water).
- to throw, **H**. ts'Ek anu't, towards; ts'aqsiaa'lsa, — ashore; ts'Eqā'litlila, — into house.
- to throw copper, paddle, board (flat objects (?)) into house, N. sepā-alitlela.
- thumb, L. N. k'ō'ma, H. k'ō'na, G. k'auna'; H. kōna'Hsītsē, big toe (—Hsītsē, foot).
- thunder, N. ku'niqua; ku'nuatela, noise of —; ku'nquakyasō, what a —! G. lu'qlisla.
- thunderbird, L. N. Kunkunqulī'kya, N. ts'ō'na; ku'n'ōas, home of —. tide (current), H. ts'ā'la.
- to tie, N. möq; mö'qpek', heraldic column (pole to which [blankets] are tied), L. mö'quit; N. möqsak'â'o, with tied penis; G. muk.
- time of, —Enq; L. hē'ianq, summer; tsāwu'nq, winter; H. tlīE'nq, pot.atch; hāi'nq, summer; tsāwu'nq, winter; G. hāinq, summer; tsōnq, winter.
- —— to be on time, N. hē'ilts'a (see Right); wī'ts'a, not on time; nīō'sukuila, making that there is no time to escape.
- tired, N. mā'mentlēas, making him —; me'ntl'ēt, tired of eating certain things; H. tlā'lasō.
- Tlamē'latsē, N. house in which tsētsā'ēk'a is held.
- tobacco, L. N. H. tla'uk'.
- to-day, L. qoanā'laq, H. goa'k 'Ela-iog.

toes, N. k·oā/k·oasītsē (—sītsē, foot),
H. k·oā/k·oansītsē (—nsītsē,
foot).

78

- big toe, **H**. k·onā/Hsītsē, (= thumb of foot).
- together, N. k'apē'; k'ā'pēg'atl gyā'qen, they will come together to me; k'ā'pēg'awāstlis, they will come together to you.
- N. ha'mk olisen, I eat with you.
- N. gyinlīkyElē, parents with children.
- N. nemā'la, A. wē'wauk'ua'si. to-morrow, L. tle'nstla, H. tla'nstlats.
- day after to-morrow, **H**. tli'nsē-tlats.
- tongue, L. H. G. gy'i'lem.
- tongs, for pulling out hair, L k'ulai'ō (= pulling instrument).
- ——for taking stones out of fire, L. ts'ē'stlala (—tlala, fire); H. k'oē'sten,
- tooth, L. N. H. G. gyīgy; N. gyī'gyatlen, I have—ache; gyī'seqstâl, cover of box (= teeth around (?)).
- N. (Ōнwō), —нē; k'aqнē, having lost a tooth (= notch tooth); пае'пѕнē, with decayed teeth; lōрнēріtō, you have no teeth;
 н. —нѕіä; tѕё'tѕёнѕіа, having lost a tooth; lē'k''eнѕіа, having lost all teeth; hā'pēнѕіа, chin beard (= hair tooth).
- top of —, L.N.H. —qtlē; L.mā/kyaqtlaowē, top of tree; k·'ā/msiqtlē, lazy on top; tl'ē/tṣEqtlē, skin of crown of head; H. gā/luqtlēas, to sit down on top of —.
- N. —ōqtoē, H. G. —qtoa; H. goa/qtoa, to sit on —.
- ---- a pile, **N**. ōky'ē; ōkuyalis, on top of a pile on beach; ō'magyalis, highest of all (?); **H**. —koia, —kyīoa; tōkoia', to walk over a

- pile of planks; goau'ioa; G. goa'gyioa, to sit on a pile.
- top of basket, box, N. -kyaē; wē'kyaē, not quite full; H. ky'ā'tgyöt, to paint inside of box.

torch, H. ano.

- to touch, N. tlo'pala; mā'kyapala, - almost; mākyitlē'sela, almost touching roof.
- towards, H. -alut; tqua'lut, to jump -; gy'ē'qoalut, to run -. town, N. gyōk, H. gô'kula

(=houses).

trail (see Road), N. la'qso, to walk on -; H. to'wi.

trap for fish, N. mo'ē; mā'muqsila, taking care of -; G. ā'mala.

trap for game, A. kupaiō, lā'um.

- to travel, N. ē'iowa; sē'qoa, in canos; k·unë/sta, — about (-ēsta, around); K'unēstā'lagyilis, always traveling about.
- tree, L. tla'qtlos, A. k'oa'as, H. lek oa' (= fuel); k oaaiyō'k ula, lek oa'gyila, country full trees.
- L. N. -mis; k.'oā'tlmis, salmon berry bush; qā'qumis, pine; paā'qmis, maple (= leaf tree); iaiaqpā'lamis, fir; tl'ā'qomis, alder (= red tree).
- to tremble with hands, dancing, L. qō/lēqōla.
- tribe, N. H. lē'lk olatlē, N. G. gyō'uklot; H. go'uklot (= village community).

to troll, H. k.'ē'ma, do'koa.

to be troubled, N. no'tla, tsīnaqua'la (in song).

trousers, L. k. qsis.

trout, L. N. k·ō'la, Quitlâ'la, H. tk·ā'nē; golē'stē, speckled -..

trumpet, N. ts'ē'kōkyala, H. ky'ē'- under, N. pen'a; pen'a'tsē, lower kyala (-kyala, noise).

to try, N. wä'Hsala, let us try! hā'maa, trying to eat; nā'nak'a,

- trying to drink; kwa'na, to try; H. hā'mats'a, trying to eat.
- Tsētsā'ēk'a (winter dance), N. tsētsā'ēk'a (= the secrets).
- house in which is held, tlame-
- host giving -, ye'winila (=shaking himself).
- Tsimshian, N. H. Gue'tela (= north people); H. Atla'itq, a tribe living west of the Qae'qaes; Mesmā'miнt, tribe of Mettak'āhtla ; Guē'tela, — language.

Tsōnō'k'oa, a fabulous woman (ts'ō'na, thunderbird; --ō'k'oa, female (?)).

turned upside down, H. k·pē'tla; k·pē'tla-itl, — in house (see To capsize).

to turn round, L. k'ui'sk'EmH'it (-k'Em, face); mE'ls'it.

tide turns, H. ts'ā'ista (-sta, water). twelve, G. mātlgī'ū.

twenty, G. mentsq.

twice, L. mā'tlp'ana.

twig, L. mā'mēē.

- twins, N. tl'ā'lēatsē (atsē, young). two, N. mātl; Mā'tsemenk olāwis, always carrying two round ones in each hand; G. malo'Q; mā'sems, - round ones.
- two hundred, G. k āpos beguā'num (= ten men).

U.

- ugly, N. iakyā'oē (= bad forehead). uncle, N. k'ulē' (addressed), H. qtlemp.
- uncover face, L. lo'semhit (-sem, face), H. t'E'lk'Emtl (-k'Em, face).
- side; bē'bēnak aua, the lowest; -aboē, underneath; aoā'boē, underneath; halqabo'e, to kill

—; **H.** oā'poa; wunk'ā'poa, bottom, lower side (= edge underneath); ēsā'poa, lower side; mā'taput, to fly under; tōā'put, to walk under cover.

unexpected, N. k·'oē'hit'ā'āstl, happening unexpectedly.

to unload canoe, N. mō'tltōla; H. wā'mōtltut (— ōtlt, out of canoe).

unsteady, L. gye'tela.

to untie, N. k·uī'tla; k·uī'tlaqala, to untie from trees (—aqa, down).

upper part of river, N. nā'laē; nE'lpē, house highest up river; nē'nelgyas, country highest up river; nē'ltse, up river.

up, N.—usta; lagyustá'la, to ascend;
Nemökyustális, the only one
coming out of ground; k.'ē'hustâl, washerwoman (= hanging
up); gyalamustála, salmon first
ascending river; tl'Epustála, to
ascend mountain; gyā'qustâ, to
come up; tsū'hustut, to hold up;
wī'kyustoa, not to be able to hold
up against; k'asustála, to walk
up; H. G.—östēoa; lā'kōstēoa,
to walk up; tqsōtē'oa, to jump up.

to turn upward, H. d'ā'tēk ēila.

to urinate (male), H. kh'E'lk oa.

to urinate (female), H. aiā'sa.

urine, H. kHiloqpē's.

useless, N. gyökk·'ā'laam, — house; H. a'mtla; a'mtlask'am, a strumpet.

uvula, H. me'smes.

V.

vein, H. haia'spēatsēe.
vertebra, H. k'ō'tsō (see Bone).
village, N. gyōq, H. gōk', G. gyōq;
N. gyōqtems, G. gyō'qtema,
village site.

virgin, N. ky'ēa'la.

to visit, N. ē'wak'itq, whom everybody visits.

volcano, A. tlumgamā'qis.

to vomit, L. hâ'qo it, N. hō'k'oa; hauk'uä! vomit!

W.

waistcoat, k''ē'qsawok'.

to walk, N. k'a'sa; k'ā'sɛltsue, —
on flat object; k'ā'tsētlanē, —
on log; k'ā'seqala, — down;
k'ā'tsēstāla, — around; k'ā'sustāla, — up; k'asɛnqɛntāla,
— along edge; k atsnūtsɛntāla,
— along long object; k'ak'askyinā'la, — and find; L. lā'tlɛn
k'ā'sat, I —; k'ak'sâ'lagyilis,
walking together; k'autlanēā'la,
to walk meandering; G. k'ā'tltōwa, — on road; k'a'ldzoa, —
on plants; k'atlna, — over
log; k'ā'tsistala, — around.

— G. lātus, to walk down river; lā'qa, — down; lā'kнtīwa, —

up.

— N. tayukuinā'la, — and find; tāyōk'oa'lagyilis, walking together; H. tōnō'olsa, — along; tōā'put, — underneath; A. tō'quit (N. = war dance).

— G. sī'Q'uit, — up river.

— on trail, N. ts'ē'k'oa.

— N. hauqsâ'yō, hauqsâ'lo, — on trail; hōqsta'la, — into water (—sta, water).

— H. uaqoaqtoa', to smoke walking; G. ha'mstoa, to eat walking; ha'nqtoa, to sing walking; k-ā'k-paqtoa, to smoke walking.
— softly, N. se'ltala.

wall, L. tsā'k am; N. gyōk opa'sila, — at point; H. gāuwi'm.

wanting to, L. N. —ēqst; mē'q'ëqsten, I want to sleep.

- wī'ūtl.
- war, N. hō'utlō, to go to -; H. ts'ē'kyatla.
- dance, N. tō'q'uit (see Towalk).
- warm, N. ts'E'lqua; ts'E'lquat, place where it is warm; H. ko'qoa, G. ky'u'qula.
- to warm one's back, L. penē'kyalitl (-ēkya, back).
- warrior, N. winaë'noq; ā'listalits, great - (perhaps victorious).
- to wash, L. tētēk EmH'it, face (-k'Em, face); la'asta, - body (= to go into water; la, to go; -sta, water); tsE'ntsEnk'oa, hands; H. ts'o'tsoqma, qau'semt, - face (-sem, face); ts'ō'qoēta, - body; muqsta', body (-sta, water); ts'o'k oa, - hands; dēi'sēta, - with cedar branches; ky'i'lpa, - clothing.
- washhowl, H. ts'e'koisk'Em (-k'Em, round).
- watchman, L. k.'a'k ala (see To hear).
- water, L. N. wa'p, H. waa'm.
- N. H. G. -sta; N. k.'ola'sta, water of life; tsugsta, to jump into -; koā'asta, cup; H. ilgsta'ūt, to push canoe into -; tqsta, to jump into -; nak'a'msta, cup (= drink water); G. gyūgstā'is, house in -.
- is, in sea, N. k. atsi's, bottom of sea; nā'nīs, bear in sea; H. k'aliā'ois, anchorstone.
- on water (see Surface).
- wave, L. k. Ele'e; aquma'le, breaking wave ; H. ganE'mala.
- we inclusive, L. N. no'guaments, H. no'guants, G. noguā'nis.
- we exclusive, N. G. no'guanuq, H. nogua'ntk'.
- weak, G. we'tlimas (= not strong).

- not obtaining what one wants, N. weasel (Putorious), N. gyëgyi'lem (= climber).
 - weather, N. nā'la; nēnā'lanuk, having - (i. e., being able to change -).
 - to weave basket, L. vi'p'a.

- cedar bark mat, Tl. ky'ē'ta; ky'ē'tamitl, weaving frame; H. tlē/Huila.
- rush mat. L. ō'ta.
- wedge, N. tle'mkyaiō, A. tla'nut. weir for fishing, N. mo'a, A. ko'lem, G. mā'mēas.
- west, H. qā'īs ; qā'ēqaē, western people.
- whale, N. H. G. k.'o-i'm; N. k.oe'gyilak', made a -; k'oā'iastems, place of whales.
- Tl. t'ōto'sk'amis (a. p. (?) perhaps = star face in sea).
- whetstone, L. t'e'kyaio.
- whirlpool, L. k.o't'is (-is, in sea).
- whirlwind, L. halō'pēk'a.
- whiskers, N. hapqste'e (= mouth hair).
- to whistle, N. ho'ugoa.
- whistle, N. metse's, of ha'mats'a; ts'ē'kōkyala, trumpet; A. k·oa'k.'omolaku'la, - of mē'itla; ky'ē'kyala, trumpet; k.os, - of tloola'qa; tē'qatsk, — of tsā'ēk a; H. Huē'k'oa, - small.
- white, L. mela', H. mo'k'oa, G. mō'qstō.
- white blanket, H. kye'lgsem.
- who is that? A. ak'oigk'au.
- wide, N. lē'gō; lē'gōis, wide beach.
- widow or widower, mourning, N. āa/msila, G. g'oā/itlowa (= sitting in house).
- widow, N. beky'a'sit (= without man).
- widower, N. k'Eky'â'sit (= without woman).
- wife, N. G. ganE'm; N. ganE'mtl, future -; H. g'anE'm.

wild, hā'mats'a growing —, N. Quā'sa.
wind, L. iâ'la; iā'oapsem, sail;
iau'apek'; mast; H. G. iuā'la;
H. iuā'lis, place where always
wind; iai'uaspek; mast; iai'uastem, sail; iai'uatsk, hoisted
sail; G. iai'uatsem, sail; iū'p'iq,
mast.

— north wind, N. t-ā'k'oa, H. tsāk'oa/la.

windpipe, **H.** pētseqā'ō (—qāō, neck). wing, **H.** mā'tlmatem (see To fly).

—— first feathers of —, L. p'E'tlEm. —— hind feathers of —, L. ts'E'lkHim.

winter, L.N. tsawā'nq, H. tsawu'nq, G. tsōnq (—anq, time of).

wise, N. no'kat; na'katse, the great wise one; no'kamo, born wise; nano'akaua, the wisest one; H. no'akaua, the wisest one. to wish, N. ä'hula.

wolf, L. ā'tlanem (see Inland); N.
Nuqnemis name, Nūn; Nūnkyē'qtoē, chief of —; Mamalēlēk'ala,
ölē'kyin, H. k'use'ls, G. asila',
tl'esyegumi'h.

wolverine, N. wā'gigya, nā't'bēē. woman, L. tsetā'q.

— L. N. k'aky—; N. G. k'ā/kyala, woman speaks (= woman's noise); N. k'āqk'ēkyā/la, — is always talking; H. k'ky—; k'kyala, woman speaks; k'kyapē's, female talker.

M.—k'as;—k'a; nemē'mak'as, sister; k'ōk'otsaqsemā'lak'a, Koskimo woman; hai'atlilak'as, mending woman (= female shaman); ts'ō'tlemak'as, granddaughter; ā'tak'a, pet daughter; nē'nenk'as, bear woman; H.—k s; menū'yak's, sister; tlhsela'k'sa, shrew; ts'ō'qtlemak's, granddaughter; g'auioa'qtlēk's, second daughter; hau'ldsēk's, only daughter.

woman, N. H. —aqsem; N. Nimk·ēa'qsem, Nimkish woman; Guā'gulaqsem, Kwakiutl woman; H. Awī'wiky'a'qsem, Awiky'ē'noq woman; Bī'bilqula'qsem, Bilqula woman; k·oē'k·oēhtēnoqa'qsem, K·oēhtēnoq woman; Tlatlasik·oa'qsem, Tlatlasik oala woman; Hēiltsök·oa'qsem, Hēiltsuk· woman,

N. H. —ūk'oa, —ōk'oa, —in names; N. A'nk'oalayū'k'oa, making it cloudy; Lālak''aiyū'k'oa, made to go ahead of all; Tsōnō'k'oa, thunderbird woman(?) H. Tlālētlilayō'k'oa.

womb, H. mā'eōtlatsē.

wonderful! Tl. N. sā/kyas, auī/la (= real).

wood on beach, L. k.'e'qatl.

— dried, A. kyā'p'as.

- damp, A. ts'ē'mos.

woodpecker, red-winged, L. sä'k oala, Tl. tlä'tlanitl, L. tlä'tlaneë'k', H. tlä'tlapëkh.

wool of mountain goat, L. p'ā'lem; pelpela'sk'em, blanket of—. wool and fine hair, H. kyā'thema. word, N. wā'thdem.

world, N. wi'nakuis.

Y.

to yawn, L. hā/Hila.
yellow, H. tē'qa.
yes, H. la'a, G. kyaā'.
yesterday, L. tlā'nsutla, H. tla'ntsē.
— day before yesterday, H. tlā'ntsēēdea.

yew tree, Tl. H. tlE'mk'a. you, H. k'aēk'soā'ea, G. yii'qsō. young man, L. N. bā'bakum, N.

young of —, N. H. —atsē; N. mā'matlatsē, half breed (= young of European); k''ō'tsatsē, — crab; H. tsāēa'tsē, — beaver.



